3189
Twenty fifth Anniversary of decimal currency rare collector edition, eight note predecimal and decimal folder, with matching serials all ending 647. Certificate number 516/800. Uncirculated.
\$5,250

## 3190

Twenty fifth Anniversary set (1991) of last serial prefix, pre-decimal matched with first serial prefix decimal, set no 285, note serials end 370. In black presentation album in slip case, uncirculated.
\$5,250
3191
Triple Anniversary set (1994) five, fifty and one hundred dollars with matching first serial prefixes, serials ending 370 (matching the previous lot). In black presentation album of issue, uncirculated.
\$2,400
3192
Triple Anniversary Banknote set, five, fifty and hundred dollar album, 1994. Certificate number 741/800. Uncirculated.
\$2,400
3193
Triple Anniversary Banknote set, five, fifty and one hundred dollar album, 1994. Certificate number 742/800. Uncirculated.

## ANCIENT COINS

## A collection of Ancient coins formed in Queensland

## Greek Coins



## 3194*

Italy, Lucania, Thurium (Thourioi), (350-300 B.C.), silver stater, ( 7.854 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing crested Athenian helmet, ornamented with figure of Scylla, shield before, rev. bull butting to right, ӨOYP[IIN] above, $\Sigma \Omega$ below, IE behind, two dolphins facing each other in dotted and lined exergue, (cf.S.447; SNG ANS 1067-8 [P1.29]). Slightly off centred obverse, otherwise toned, some original mint bloom, extremely fine and a rare variant.
$\$ 800$
Ex C.J. Martin, United Kingdom, June 1984.
The various pedigrees noted in this collection are to dealers mostly in Queensland and several others to dealers in USA and the United Kingdom.


3195*
Sicily, Syracuse, Time of Dionysios the Elder, (c.405-380 B.C.), gold twenty litra or tetradrachm, ( 1.148 grams), obv. head of young Herakles to left, wearing lion's skin, to left downwards $\Sigma[\mathrm{YP}] \mathrm{A}$, rev. incuse square, quartered with $\Sigma$ - V /P - A, in centre a female head to left, (S. 947 [ $£ 500 \mathrm{VF}$ ], BMC 135 [p.215], SNG ANS 350-356). Nearly extremely fine, scarce.
\$1,000
Ex J\&P O’Connor, Town Hall Arcade, Sydney, November 1981.


## 3196*

Sicily, Syracuse, Kingdom of, Pyrrhos, (278-276 B.C.), silver octobol, ( 5.676 grams), obv. Persephone head to left, wreathed with corn, to right an altar/A, rev. Athena Promachos advancing to left, brandishing spear and holding shield, to right BAГI $\Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$, to left trace of ПYPPOY, (cf. S.982, SNG ANS 828 [Pl.26]). Even grey patina, good fine and very scarce.


## 3197*

Sicily, Siculo-Punic, mint of the camp, (c.300-290 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.990 grams), obv. head of young Melqart or Herakles wearing lion skin to right, rev. horse's head to left, palm tree behind, traces of Punic legend below, border of dots, (S.6436, SNG Fitz. 1494, Jenkins SNR 57, Series 5a, SNG Cop. 91). Worn on top of horse's head, with old steel patina, otherwise very fine and scarce.
$\$ 750$
Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, April 1983.


## 3198*

Macedon, Kingdom of Philip II, (359-336 B.C.), gold stater, ( 8.570 grams), Pella mint, issued period III, 323/2-315 B.C., obv. head of Apollo to right with laureate wreath, rev. galloping biga driven by charioteer holding kentron in right hand, reins in left hand, helmet below, in exergue ФІАІППОҮ, (cf.S.6663, SNG Cop. 528, Le Rider 549 [these dies obv. 229, Rev. 397]), Slightly double struck and from rusty dies, good very fine and rare.


## 3199*

Macedon, Kingdom of Philip II, (359-336 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 14.100 grams), Amphipolis III mint, issued c. 323/2-315 B.C., obv. head of Zeus laureate to right, dotted border, rev. naked youth or small man (Philip II), on horseback to right, sprig or branch of three twigs, below, $\Pi$ to right, above ФІЛІППОҮ, (cf.S.6683, Le Rider Pl.46, 5, [Pl. 46 similar dies], p.123], SNG ANS -, Troxell J6). Attractive round, toned, nearly very fine and rare.

Ex Taylor, Brisbane, 1981.


Lot 3200

## 3200*

Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.852 grams), Sidon mint, issued 317-316 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, P in left field, $\Sigma$ I under throne, to right A $\triangle E \Xi A N \triangle P O Y, ~(c f . S .6713, ~ P r i c e ~ 3502, ~ B M C ~ 3502, ~ M .-, ~, ~$ Newell Sidon 49). Off centred reverse, nearly extremely fine and scarce.
\$350
Ex Stewart Anderson, Melbourne, February 1996.


3201*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Philip III, (323-316 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.710 grams), Babylon mint, issued c.323316 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, M to left, $\Lambda \mathrm{Y}$ under throne, to right ФІАІППОY, below BAI $\Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$, all within dotted border, (cf.S.6749, Price P181, BMC P181a-f, M.P99). Nearly very finelvery fine.
\$220
Ex Taylor, Brisbane, July 1981.


3202*
Macedon, Amphipolis, (158-149 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 16.942 grams), obv. Macedonian shield, at centre of which is a bust of Artemis Tauropolos to right with bow and quiver at her shoulder, rev. MAKE $\triangle O N \Omega N ~ П P \Omega T H \Sigma$ in two lines, club between monograms above and below, all within oak wreath, to left of which a thunderbolt, (S.1386, BMC 7 [p.8], SNG Manchester 749, Hunter 3, McClean 3708, SNG Cop. 1314, SNG Ash. 3297). Toned, slightly off centred on the obverse, otherwise nearly extremely fine and scarce in this condition.
$\$ 600$


3203*
Thrace, Abdera, (375/3-365/360 B.C.), silver drachm (hemidrachm Sear), (2.724 grams), obv. Griffin springing to left with both forelegs raised, above EPIAP, below XE $\Lambda A O Y$, rev. around $\mathrm{AB} \triangle \mathrm{HPI}$ TE $\Omega \mathrm{N}$, within linear square laureate head of Apollo to right, shallow incuse square, (cf.S.1549, May [Coinage of Abdera] 519 same dies with one reported specimen = BMC 72). Very fine and very rare.


3204*
Thrace, Olbia, (5th century B.C.), AE dolphin $25 \times 10$, (1.766 grams), obv. dolphin, with large eye, rev. as obverse, (S.1684, SNG BMC 368, BMC 19). Dark green patina, nearly very fine and scarce.


## 3205*

Thrace, Islands of, Samothrace, (c. 280 B.C.), AE 17, (4.600 grams), obv. head of Athena to right in crested Corinthian helmet, rev. Kybele enthroned to left, holding patera and sceptre, before and after $\Sigma$ AMO ПYఆOK, (S.1743, BMC 3 \{p.2], SNG Cop. 998). Attractive dark tone, nearly extremely fine and rare in this condition.
\$100
Ex Classical Numismatic Group, March 2003.


3206*
Thrace, Island of, Thasos, (after 148 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 13.582 grams), obv. head of the young Dionysos wearing ivy wreath to right, rev. naked Herakles standing facing head to left, holding club and lion skin, around HПAK $\Sigma \Omega T H P O \Sigma \Theta A[\Sigma I \Omega N]$, to left in field monogram $Н \Delta \Pi$, (S.1759, BMC -, SNG Cop. 1046). Bright, light weight, porous flan on reverse, very fine.
\$300


3207*
Thrace, Kingdom of, Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 14.902 grams), uncertain mint, issued after 281 B.C., obv. head of Alexander to right, with diadem and horn of Ammon, within dotted circle, rev. Athena enthroned to left, supporting Nike, spear behind, monograms to left and in exergue, to left $B A \Sigma I \Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$, to right $\Lambda Y \Sigma I M A X O Y$, (cf. S.6814, Thompson -, cf.M.544). Has been heavily cleaned, otherwise very finelfine.


3208*
Thrace, Kingdom of, Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), gold stater, ( 8.270 grams), Callatis mint, posthumous issue c.8886 B.C., obv. diademed head of Alexander the Great to right, wearing horn of Ammon, rev. Athena enthroned to left, holding Nike and resting left arm on shield, transverse spear resting against right side to right, to right BALI $\triangle E \Omega \Sigma$, to left $\Lambda$ Y$\Sigma$ IMAXOY, ФM under arm, KA $\Lambda$ on throne, trident below in exergue, (cf.S.1661, M.-, cf.SNG Cop. 1089). Good very fine and a rare variety.
\$1,750


3209*
Thrace, Kingdom of, Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), gold stater, (8.298 grams), Tomis mint, posthumous issue c.88-86 B.C., obv. diademed head of Alexander the Great to right, wearing horn of Ammon, rev. Athena enthroned to left, holding Nike and resting left arm on shield, transverse spear resting against right side to right, to right $\mathrm{BA} \Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda \mathrm{E} \Omega \Sigma$, to left $\Lambda$ Y$\Sigma$ IMAXOY, $\Theta E M$ below arm, TO on throne, trident below in exergue, (cf.S.6813, M.279, SNG Cop.1091). Extremely fine and virtually as struck.
\$1,500
Ex Classical Numismatic Group, with their ticket.
This lot come from an important hoard of Greek gold staters from the time of the Mithradatic War (88-86 B.C.). They were issued by Mithradates VI of Pontus who used the design of the famous issues two centuries earlier of Lysimachos, whose staters with the head of Alexander the Great linked him to Alexander, history's greatest conqueror. At the age of 18, Mithradates embarked on a career of conquest, bringing most of the lands around the Black Sea under his control. These policies brought him into conflict with Rome and he consequently tried to liberate the East from Rome and quickly defeated the local garrisons and massacred every Roman citizen in Asia (some 80,000 in one night). Athens welcomed him as a liberator, but the Roman response came in 87 B.C. The Consul Sulla with five legions captured Athens and pursued Mithradates back to Asia Minor. Mithradates was fined 2000 talents ( 600,000 gold staters) and returned to Pontus. These gold staters were probably struck during his campaign in Thrace in late 88 to early 87 B.C. to pay his mercenary soldiers. Three cities struck these coins. Alternatively another view has been put forward suggesting that these coins were issues by Brutus in the Civil war of 44-42 B.C. See Celator, January 2000 (pp. $22-24)$. This may prove to be the correct interpretation.


3210*
Paeonia, Kingdom of, Patraos, (c.340-315 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (12.160 grams), obv. head of Apollo to right, with laureate, rev. horseman spearing fallen enemy, who holds spear and shield, around below [ПАТ]РАОҮ, M above right, (S.1520, Paeonian Hoard 198-203 [same dies]). Obverse slightly off centred, otherwise good very fine and a scarce type.

Ex Paeonian Hoard, and from Antiquarius, New Zealand, December 1983. The Sotheby's, London, 16th April 1969 sale contained the Paeonian Hoard and some more were sold in December 9, 1969 at Parke-Bernet Galleries, New York.


## 3211*

Thessaly, Larissa, (350's-340's B.C.), silver drachm, (5.976 grams), obv, facing head of nymph Larissa three-quarter to left, within dotted border, rev. horse grazing to right, with head turned facing, above $\Lambda$ API $\Sigma$, in exergue $\operatorname{AI} \Omega \mathrm{N}$, (cf.S.2120-1, SNG Cop. 121, Hermann Pl.V, 5). Bright, of finest style, graffiti scratch on reverse, otherwise good very fine and scarce.


## 3212*

Thessaly, Cretan Mercenaries, (Rhodes), (175-170 B.C.), silver drachm, ( 2.694 grams), obv. Helios facing head slightly to right, rev. rose, club to left, I $\Omega$ across field, above Magistrate name EPMIAL, (cf.S.5050, Price "The Larissa 1968 hoard" (Kraay-Morkholm Essays, pp.241-2) Nos.2471075 [inlcudes this coin], SNG Finland [Keckmann 793-5]). Attractive and as struck, extremely fine. scarce.
\$250
Ex Larissa 1968 Hoard (found Sitochoro, north-east of Pharsala) and acquired from Taylor, Brisbane, September 1983.


3213*
Boeotia, Thebes, (378-338 B.C.), silver stater, (11.760 grams), obv. Boeotian shield, rev. amphora in concave field, with letters ON A $\Sigma$ either side, (cf.S.2398, Hepworth Series C, No.79, SNG Cop. 347, BMC 159). Off centred obverse, otherwise good very fine/very fine and a scarce type.
$\$ 400$


## 3214*

Attica, Athens, (460-455 B.C.), silver obol, (0.702 grams), issue c.440-430 B.C., obv. head of Athena to right wearing ivy crested helmet, eye in profile, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, in erect posture, olive twig and crescent behind, to right, A $\Theta$ E, all in incuse square, (S.2524, Starr Group IV, [Pl. XXIV, n], Sv.Pl.10, 38-47, SNG Cop. 26). Well centred, good very finelvery fine.


3215*
Attica, Athens, (c.430-420 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.930 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing ivy crested helmet, eye in profile, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, in erect posture, olive twig and crescent behind, to right, A $\Theta E$, all in incuse square, (S.2526, BMC 62, Kraay ACGC 199, Sv.Pl.14, 1-30). Minor surface mark on cheek and reverse field, otherwise good very fine.


3216*
Attica, Athens, (390-300 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.728 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing ivy crested helmet, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, olive twig and crescent behind, to right A@E, (S.2537, BMC 144, SNG Cop. 63). Bright, nearly extremely fine and scarce.
$\$ 700$
Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, March 1998, List 36 (item 17).


3217*
Attica, Athens, (166-57 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.630 grams), issued 146-5 B.C., (Thompson date) but probably 114-113 B.C. (revised chronology), obv. head of Athena Parthenos to right wearing triple-crested Athenian helmet, ornamented with Pegasus, within dotted border, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, in erect posture, on prostrate amphora, A on amphora, legend across A $\Theta E$ to left $\Delta I O$ / TIM/O $\Sigma$, to right MA/ГA $\Sigma$, across NIKO/ $\Delta \mathrm{H}$ MO $\Sigma$, SO below, all within wreath, (cf.S.2555, cf.Thompson 650 [new dies], cf.SNG Cop.258). Short on flan, very fine and rare.

Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, October 2001.
A rare early issue, Thompson knew of 98 examples of this year from all dies, issue struck from 17 obverse and 58 reverse dies.


3218*
Attica, Aegina, (525/520-500 B.C.), silver stater, (12.200 grams), obv. sea turtle with a row of dots down dorsal spine, rev. incuse square "Union Jack" design with sunken triangles, (S.1849, ANS MN 33 Pl.9, No. 114 [This Coin described and illustrated]). Nearly extremely fine and rare thus.
\$1,000
Ex Selinus Archaic Silver Hoard and Noble Numismatics Sale 46 (lot 1914).

One of the earliest European archaic silver coins in desireable condition with an impeccable pedigree from one of the greatest documented Archaic Greek coin hoards ever found. Aegina is a small island in view of Athens. It was one of the first trading nations in Greece and issued some of the first silver coins in the mid 6th century BC, which became the world standard coinage "Turtles" until supplanted by the Athens "Owls". Over the years the artistic quality of the turtle improved. Aegina along with Lesbos were the only Greek city states outside the Greeks of Asia minor to expand trading empires after the fall of the Assyrians and Aegina became a commercial rival of Samos, while the Athenians remained inward looking. Aegina probably hindered any attempts by Athens to enter trade, because "of an ancient hatred" as quoted by Herodotos. At the sea battle of Salamis against Persia, Aegina was voted the city that fought with to most valour. In 459 BC, Athens and Aegina went to war and Aegina was forced to join the Delian League dominated by Athens. About the same time the coins of Aegina changed from a sea turtle design to a land tortoise design. In 449 BC, Athens ordered all members of the Delian league to cease production of coinage. Aegina had lost its sea trading power to Athens. In 431 BC , the islanders were expelled and were replaced by colonists from Athens. In 404 BC, after the defeat of Athens by Sparta the Aeginetans were returned to their island.


3219*
Corinthia, Corinth, (345-307 B.C.), silver stater, (8.540 grams), obv. Pegasos flying to left, Q below, rev. head of Athena to left, wearing laureated Corinthian helmet, below [A] to left, P to right, chimaera behind Athena to left, (cf. S.2631, Calciati 428, Ravel 1010, BMC 255). Good very fine and scarce.
ex Taylor Coins, Brisbane, 1982.


3220*
Cycladic Islands, Paros, (c.3rd-2nd century B.C.), silver didrachm ( 6.234 grams), obv. veiled head of Demeter, wreathed with corn, rev. ivy- wreath with legend ПАРІ across, (S.3133, BMC 13, cf.SNG Cop.725). Cracked flan, porous surface, fine and scarce.

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3221*
Crete, Gortyna, (2nd-1st century B.C.), silver drachm, (octobol Sear), (4.842 grams), obv. diademed head of Zeus to right, countermarked by bull charging right, dotted border, rev. Europa seated on bull galloping to right, veil billowing out behind her head, around ГOPTYNI $\Omega$ N, I, countermarked with head of Artemis or Apollo right, (cf.S.3184, Sv. 116 [p.172, cf.Pl.XV, 22], Mionnet II, 178 [p.280]). Porous, lightly toned, otherwise very fine and rare.
$\$ 400$
Ex Guy Clark U.S.A. dealer, January 2004.


## 3222*

Mysia, Parion, (c.350-300 B.C.), silver three-quarter drachm, (2.300 grams), obv. gorgoneion facing, rev. bull standing to left, looking back, above [П A], below P I, laurel branch below, (cf.S.3922, BMC 28-9 [p.96], SNG Cop. 266). Bright, good very fine scarce.
\$150


3223*
Aeolis, Cyme, (c. 150 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.568 grams), obv. head of Amazon Cyme to right with hair bound with ribbon, rev. horse pacing to right, one handled vase at feet, all within laurel wreath, before KYMAI $\Omega$, below in exergue KAMNIA亡, (cf.S.4183, Oakley Issue 19 [same obverse die], [ANSMN 27], SNG von Aulock 1636). Good very fine.
\$1,000
Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, April 1982.


3224*
Aeolis, Myrina, (after 165 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.090 grams), obv. laureate head of Apollo of Grynion to right, rev. Apollo of Grynion standing to right, holding phiale and laurel branch, omphalos and amphora at feet, ПА monogram behind, also MYПINAIRN, all within laurel wreath, (cf. S.4216, ANSMN [30], Sacks 20, SNG Cop. 223, SNG Lockett 2749). Good very fine with weakness in places on the reverse.


## 3225*

Troas, Island off, Tenedos, (450-387 B.C.), silver drachm, ( 3.676 grams), obv. janiform male and female heads, rev. double axe, grapes and tripod to left, and right below, [T]ENE $\triangle$ I ON around, (S. 4153 var., SNG Cop. 516). Slightly porous, very fine and rare.

Ex Classical Numismatic Group, Electronic Auction 60 (lot 24).


## 3226*

Lesbos, Mytilene, c. 430 B.C., electrum hekte ( 2.530 grams), Bodenstedt dates 454-428/7 B.C., obv. head of Aktaion with stag's ear and small horn to right, his hair falling on his shoulders in coarse locks, rev. Gorgon head facing within linear square, (cf.S. 4246 [ $£ 850$ ]; Bodenstedt 54; SNG Von Aulock 1697, SNG Lockett 2760, SNG Fitz. 4348). Of the finest early Classical style, good very fine and very rare.
\$1,200
Aktaion had inadvertently seen Artemis bathing and she in her anger changed him into a stag and he was torn to pieces by her own dogs. This myth is popular in Greek vase painting but only found on coins from Kyzikos, Lampsakos and this hekte of Mytilene and in all cases for one issue only. On this piece the transformation from a youth to the stag is illustrated with the hair turning into a mane. Bodenstedt knew of only 38 pieces.

## 3227

Lesbos, Mytilene, (mid 4th century B.C.), silver hemidrachm, ( 2.716 grams), obv. laureate head of Apollo to right, rev. lyre, MY above T I at sides, all within linear square, (cf.S.4265; BMC 32 [p.187]). Pitted and surface roughness, otherwise finelvery good and scarce.


## 3228*

Ionia, Ephesus, (340-325 B.C. Kinns chronology), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.150 grams), obv. bee with straight wings dividing E - $\Phi$, rev. forepart of kneeling stag to right, looking back, palm tree behind, to right magistrate's name KA $\triangle$ IIKPATH[ $\Sigma$ ] (Kallikpates), (cf.S.4371, Kinns [Coin Hoard IX] Class G [obverse die 124]). Well centred, worn on quarter of the coin, otherwise good fine and a rare Magistrate.

Ex Colosseum Coin Exchange, June 2004, with dealer ticket.


## 3229*

Ionia, Phokaia, (c.477-388 B.C.), electrum hekte or sixth stater, ( 2.526 grams), issued in 394-3 B.C. [Bodenstedt dating], obv. Athen helmeted head to left, with a griffin on helmet, rev. quadripartite incuse punch, (S. 4530 [ $£ 550$ ], Bodenstedt 91, SNG Fitz. 4562, BMC 46, SNG von Aulock 2131-2). Very fine, short on flan and scarce.
\$600
Ex Status Auctions Sydney, October 1992.


3230*
Ionia, Teos, (470/465-439/5 B.C.), silver didrachm or stater, ( 11.812 grams), obv. Griffin seated to right with raised foreleg, around T H IO N, grape bunch with leaf below forepaw, rev. incuse square of rough form, (cf.S.4576, Balcer [SNR 1968, Vol.47], No.,102 [A-/P134] = Jameson 1517 same reverse die). Obverse weak in places, otherwise nearly extremely fine and very rare.

Ex Atlantis, Florida, USA, April 1904.


3231*
Ionia, Chios, (c.431-410 B.C.), silver drachm, (3.648 grams), obv. Sphinx seated to left, amphora before, rev. quadripartite incuse square, each square granulated, (S.4602, BMC 24-26 [p.330], SNG Cop. 1546-7). Good very fine and rare.
\$1,000
Ex Edward Waddell, USA, List 63 (item 4).


3232*
Ionia, island of Ikaria, Oinoe, (c. 300 B.C.), silver drachm, ( 3.326 grams), obv. bust of Artemis three-quarter face to right, quiver at shoulder, rev. bull butting to right, OINAI in exergue, (S.4620, SNG von Aulock 8023, SNG Delepierre 2670). Pleasing tone, porous obverse and encrustation, nearly very finelgood very fine, and very scarce.

Ex Triton V, January 15-16, 2002, (lot 1438) and from the Robert Schonwalter Collection.

3233*
Ionia, Island of Samos, (c. 200 B.C.), silver tetrobol, (2.690 grams), obv. lion scalp facing, within border of dots, rev. forepart of ox to right, $\triangle A M I \Omega N$ above, crater and monogram АПГ below, (cf.S. 4663 [ $£ 120]$, Barron Attic Standard type j, Pl.XXIX, 18 [Obv. die HA307], McClean 8420, BMC 181). Toned with some surface tooling, otherwise good finelvery fine and scarce.

Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, July 1984.


3234*
Caria, uncertain mint, (early 5th century B.C.), silver hemiobol, ( 0.550 grams), obv. forepart of lion facing, rev. scorpion, tail within incuse square to right, (S.-, SNG Berry II 1047 [Asia Minor uncertain but probably Caria], SNG Von Aulock 7803, ACNAC Rosen 403, SNG Finland 917 [Caria]). Very fine and very rare.


## 3235*

Caria, Caunos (Kaunos), (c.after 167 B.C.), silver hemidrachm, ( 1.080 grams), obv. head of Athena to right, in crested Corinthian helmet, rev. sword in sheath with strap, above magistrate name [A]NTAI, a palm branch to right, K AX monogram across, (cf.S.4818, SNG Finland I 80). Toned, good very finelvery fine.

Ex Taylor, Brisbane, June 1984.


## 3236*

Caria, Knidos, (c.210-185 B.C.), silver didrachm or Attic octobol, ( 4.794 grams), obv. head of Rhodian Helios three-quarters face to right, rev. forepart of of lion to right, KNI $\Delta I[\Omega \Sigma]$, uncertain trace of magistrate's name below, (S. 4851 [£400], cf.SNG Finland 210-214, BMC 76 [p. 94$]$ ). Toned, good very fine and rare.


3237*
Caria, Hecatomnos as Satrap, (395-377 B.C.), silver drachm, ( 4.15 grams), obv. lion head to left, foreleg below, EKA above nose, rev. ornamental star within incuse circle, (S.4951, BMC 37-41, SNG Cop. 588-9, SNG von Aulock 2356). Nearly extremely fine, rare.

Ex Axis Mundi, October 2002.


3238*
Caria, Satrap of, Hidrieus, (351-344 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.268 grams), obv. head of Apollo three-quarter face to right with hair loose, rev. Zeus Labraundos standing to right holding labrys and spear, toi right I $\triangle$ PIE $\Omega \Sigma, \mathrm{E}$ to right, (S.4958, BMC 1 [p.183], SNG Turkey 880, Pixodarus Hoard, Coin Hoards IX, obv. die A2, rev. die -). Nearly extremely finelgood very fine.
\$1,000
Ex Classical Numismatic Group Mail bid sale No.66, May 19, 2004, (lot 489) and almost certainly from the Pixodarus Hoard.


## 3239*

Caria, Carian Islands, Kos (Cos), (370-350 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.032 grams), obv. head of bearded Herakles to left, clad in lion's skin, rev. crab with $[K] \Omega I[O N]$ above, club below and magistrate's name A $\Lambda$ KIMAXO framed by dotted square, (cf.S.4985, BMC 12, [p.195, Pl.xxx, 7], Meadows [Coin Hoards IX, Pixodarus Hoard], Phase 2 No.28c [This Coin, p.231, Pl.37]). Good very fine and rare.

Ex Classical Numisdmatic Group, Auction Sale 55, September 13, 2000 (lot 576) and from the Pixodarus Hoard.


## 3240*

Caria, Carian Islands, Kameiros, (on Rhodes), (c.500-460 B.C.), silver tritemorion, ( 0.610 grams), obv. fig-leaf, rev. oblong incuse square punch, (cf.S.3548, BMC 10, SNG Finland 326 et al). Nearly very fine and very rare.

3241*
Caria, Carian Islands, Ialysos, (on Rhodes), (c.500-460 B.C.), silver twenty fourth stater, ( 0.496 grams), obv. forepart of winged boar to left, rev. eagle's head to left in dotted square, all within incuse square punch, (S.3563, BMC 6, cf.SNG Finland 301). Very good /nearly fine and rare.

Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, July 1984.


## 3242*

Caria, Carian Islands, Lindos, (on Rhodes), (c. 450 B.C.), silver diobol, (1.028 grams), obv. forepart of horse to right, left, rev. lion's head to left in dotted square, all within incuse square punch, (cf.S.3558, cf.BMC 12, cf.SNG Finland 358). Good fine and rare.

Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, July 1984.


3243*
Caria, Carian Islands, Rhodes, (304-189 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (13.514 grams), obv. radiate head of Helios three-quarter face to right with hair loose, rev. rose, with bud on right, $\mathrm{PO} \triangle \mathrm{ION}$ above, to left prow of vessel to right, below AMEIN IA $\Sigma$, all within dotted border, (S.5046, BMC 120 [p.241, Pl.xxxviii, 1], SNG Cop.752, SNG Finland 542). Chip on edge of reverse, slightly off centred on the reverse, nearly very fine/good very fine and rare.

Ex Colonial Coins and Medals, Brisbane with ticket, 1999.
A most interesting coin as this tetradrachm coin type was treasured by several religious foundations in the middle ages as one of the actual "thirty pieces" of silver which were accepted by Judas Iscariot for the betrayal of Christ (Matt XXVI, 15). In the middle ages the appearance of this coin from the Greek world showed to the uninitiated several "proofs" of identification. The obverse of these coins shows a facing head of the sun god Helios surrounded by rays of light and to some medieval minds, this clearly was the head of Christ himself wearing the crown of thorns! The reverse type, a rose, was thought of as the rose of Sharon - symbolizing the Resurrection. The rose is actually the emblem of Helios and a punning allusion to the name of the mint, Rhodes (which is Greek for rose). These "Judas Pennies" as they are sometimes called would hardly have been current in quantity in Palestine so long after their issue but an odd one or two might have appeared on the money changers tables at the time of Christ and during the following centuries. But it is now clear that they were not one of the "thirty pieces".

3244*
Caria, Carian Islands, Rhodes, (c.173/2-160 B.C., [Jenkins chronology]), silver drachm, (2.822 grams), obv. radiate head of Helios to right, hair loose, rev. P O either side of rose with bud on right, to left a club, above magistrate APIETOBOY LOミ (cf.S.5064, Jenkins, G.K., Kraay Morkholm Essays Group A, No.10, BMC 250). Toned, very fine/good very fine and rare.

Ex Downie’s Sale No.131, July 1980.


## 3245*

Caria, Carian Islands, Rhodes, (early 2nd century B.C., [Jenkins chronology]), silver diobol, (0.682 grams), obv. radiate head of Helios to right, hair loose, rev. P O either side of rose with bud on right, all within dotted circle, (S.5066, Ashton "Coinage of Rhodes" 332, BMC 311, SNG Finland 607-616). Bright, very fine.

Ex Taylor, Brisbane, October 1982.


3246*
Lydia, uncertain king, (issued before 561 B.C. and probably c. 575 B.C)., electrum trite or third stater, ( 4.714 grams) of Lydian-Milesian (Phoenician standard), probably issued at Sardis, obv. head of roaring lion to right, knob with trace of three rays on forehead, rev. double incuse punch, (S.3398, BMC 7 [p.2], Weidauer Class XVI, SNG Cop. 449-451, ACNAC Rosen 231, ACNAC Dewing 2421-3). Good very fine and rare.
\$1,800
The find of early electrum as a foundation deposit in the earliest temple at Ephesus included numerous third staters of this type. It also contained some inscribed electrum coins with the non-Greek name 'Welwet'. Scholars began identifying this name with Alyattes, king of Lydia. Since then this attribution has been thrown into doubt by the more recent discovery of a parallel name, 'Kali', which does not correspond to any known Lydian king. No one really doubts, however that this prolific coinage was issued by the Lydian royal house. The lion's head was the dynastic badge, and this manner of representation, with the herringbone mane and 'wart' on nose, was introduced into Greek art from Assyria in the second half of the seventh century B.C. It is one of, if not the earliest example of ancient coinage that utilises a design of some type on the obverse. This example is better than most for it is well centred, and free of banker's marks common on this series.


3247*
Lydia, Sardeis, time of King Croesus or later, (c.550-520 B.C.), silver half stater or siglos, ( 5.292 grams), obv. confronting foreparts of lion, facing right, and bull facing left, rev. two incuse punches of unequal size, side by side, (S. 3420 [ $£ 450$ ], BMC 41, Traite pl.10, 9, SNG von Aulock 2877, I. Carradice, Coinage of the Persian Empire BAR Inter. Ser. 343, [1987], Pl.10, 3). Attractive, good very fine and rare.

Ex Classical Numismatic Group Internet Auction 13 November 2000 with ticket.

This coin is normally known as an issue of the Lydian king Croesus. Throughout the ancient world he was known for his legendary wealth. The lion is the paramount symbol of royalty and as such is appropriate for his Lydian kingdom. According to Herodotus, the Lydians were the first to strike gold and silver coins, but the numismatic evidence is not easily compatible with this statement. Carradice's study suggests that this coin is unlikely to have been minted in the lifetime of king Croesus but is of the type he calls early croeseid (c.550-520 B.C.), however Sear assigns them to this ruler c.560-546 B.C. The issue is the world's first bimetallic coinage, gold and silver pieces based on a stater of pure metal weighing about 10.8 grams. This was the initial phase of relatively short duration as shortly after the gold was reduced in weight to about 8.00 grams for a stater and the silver siglos of just over 5 grams replaced the silver stater. This is an historic and important silver coin from the earliest period of coinage in the western world.


3248*
Lycia, uncertain ruler, (c.450-420 B.C.), silver stater, (8.408 grams), Xanthos mint, obv. Athena head to right, wearing Attic helmet, rev. laureate head of Apollo to right, diskeles before, all within incuse square, (S.5371, Vismara II 158, Vismara 51, Traite Pl.XCV, 25, BMC 106). Toned, good very finelvery fine and rare.

Ex Classical Numismatic Group, Auction Mail Bid Sale 66, May 19, 2004 (lot 503).


## 3249*

Lycia, Lycian Dynasts or city, Vedrei, (c. 380 B.C.), silver stater, ( 9.752 grams), obv. lion scalp facing, rev. triskeles to left, Lycian letters ( = Ved) within each leg a letter, all within circlar incuse, (S.5237, SNG Cop. 31, BMC 152 [p.35], Poddalia Hoard [Num. Chron. 1971] 367-371). Very fine/nearly extremely fine and rare.


3250*
Lycia, Masikytes, League Coinage, (1st century B.C.), silver drachm, ( 1.588 grams), obv. head of Apollo to right laureate, hair in formal curls, $\Lambda$ Y each side of neck, rev. lyre M A either side, to right below tripod, all within shallow field, (S.5295, Troxell period IV, 110.23-110.61 [similar dies]). Good fine and scarce.

Ex John Cummings, United Kingdom, List 27.


3251*
Lycia, Masikytes, League Coinage, (1st century B.C.), silver drachm, (1.638 grams), obv. head of Apollo to right laureate, hair in formal curls, M A each side of neck, rev. lyre M A either side, to right aplustre, all within shallow field, (S.5295, Troxell period IV, cf.151.9 [similar dies]). Very fine and scarce.

Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, October 1981.


3252*
Lycia, Masikytes and Myra, League Coinage, (1st century B.C.), silver diobol, ( 0.798 grams), obv. bust of Artemis to right wearing a stephane, $\Lambda \mathrm{Y}$ to right side of neck, rev. quiver M A either side above and M Y either side below, all within shallow field, (cf.S.5300, Troxell period IV, 141.1 [same dies]). Very fine and very rare.

Ex Wayne G. Sayles, U.S.A, May 2002.


3253*
Lycia, Rhodiapolis, League Coinage, (2nd-1st century B.C.), silver drachm, ( 2.472 grams), obv. head of Apollo laureate to right, [bow behind head], rev. lyre $\Lambda \mathrm{YKI} \Omega \mathrm{N}$ above and P O either side below, to left a torch, all within shallow square field, (S.5351, Troxell period II, 40.3 [same dies?], SNG Cop. 132, BMC 1 [p.81]). Off centred, otherwise extremely fine and rare.

Ex Realm Coins U.S.A. February 2004.


## 3254*

Pamphylia, Aspendos, (385-380 B.C.), silver stater, (8.728 grams), obv. two naked athletes as wrestlers grasping each other by the hands, E between, dotted border, rev. slinger advancing to right about to discharge his sling, triskeles before, behind EETFE $\Delta I Y$, club before, O under legs, all within dotted circle, (S.5399, SNG France 122-3 [Pl.5]). Toned, nearly very fine and very scarce.

Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, December 1982.


3255*
Pamphylia, Side, (c. 200 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.682 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing Corinthian helmet, countermarked with anchor on helmet, rev. Nike advancing to the left, with wreath, $\mathrm{K} \Lambda$ EY across the field, to left in field a pomegranate, (S.5436; SNG France 694 with cmk see 701, cf.BMC 40-46 [p.148-9]). Very fine or better, very scarce.

Ex Taylor, Brisbane, July 1982.


3256*
Cilicia, Tarsos, Mazaios, (361-334 B.C.), silver stater, ( 10.458 grams), obv. Baal of Tarsos enthroned left, head facing, holding eagle, bunch of grapes and septre, before and behind Aramaic legend, rev. attacking lion to left on back of bull kneeling to left, Aramaic script "Mazdai" above, (S.5650, SNG France 334, SNG Delepierre 2880). Lightly toned, porous reverse, good very finelvery fine and scarce. $\$ 500$

Ex Colonial Coins Brisbane, 1991.


3257*
Syria, Kingdom of, Seleucos I, (312-280 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 16.842 grams), Seleucia on Tigris mint, issued c.296-281 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin with dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, Nike with wreath in outstretched hand, K below throne, МНПР monogram to left, to right $\Sigma E \Lambda E Y K O Y$, in exergue [B]AI $\Lambda E[\Omega \Sigma]$, (cf.S.6829, SC 119.1a, Newell ESM 13 [same dies as obv. die A22, rev. die P67]. McClean 9239, BMC 20, SNG Israel I (Spaer) -). Cleaned, now toning, good very fine/very fine.
\$500
Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, April 1982. Newell counted one obverse and two reverse dies for this type.


## 3258*

Syria, Kingdom of, Antiochus III, (219-217 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 16.734 grams), Series IV, Antioch mint, issued 200-187 B.C., obv. diademed head of Antiochus III to right in high relief, fillet border, rev. Apollo seated left on omphalos, holding arrow and bow, on right, BALI $\Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$ and to left ANTIOXOY, trace of monogram to left, (cf.S.6935, Newell WSM 1121-2 [Pl.XXXII, 2-3 same obverse die). Attractive tone, broad flan, very fine or better.
\$400
Ex Taylor Brisbane, July 1981.


3259*
Syria, Kingdom of, Demetrios I, (162-155 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.344 grams), Antioch mint, issued period 162-156 B.C., obv. diademed head of Demetrios to right within laurel wreath border, rev. Tyche seated to left with leg of throne a winged monster, holds sceptre and cornucopiae, to right BA $\Sigma I \Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$, to left $\triangle$ H MHTPIOY, A over AI monogram to left, (S.7014, Newell SMA 92, BMC 26, Hunter 2). Very dark tone, minor surface scratches on reverse, otherwise good very fine, scarce.


3260*
Syria, Kingdom of, Antiochos VII, (138-129 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.614 grams), Antioch mint, obv. diademed head of Antiochos VII to right, fillet border, rev. Athena standing to left, holding Nike bearing a wreath in left hand, right hand on shield with Medusa head and holding a spear, BALIAE $\Sigma \Sigma$ ANTIOXOY, and to left EYEP ГЕТОY, to left monogram of $\Delta \mathrm{I}$ over A, nothing behind Athena, (S.7092, SNG Israel I (Spaer) -, Newell SMA 282, Hunter 10, BMC -). Good very fine, slightly double struck on the reverse.

Ex Taylor, Brisbane, April 1982.


## 3261*

Syria, Kingdom of, Demetrius II, second reign, (129-125 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 13.314 grams, Phoenician standard), Tyre mint, issued year 130-129 B.C., obv. diademed head of Demetrius II to right, rev. eagle standing to left with leg of galley, palm branch in background in field to left a club with Tyre monogram above A/PE, to right $\mathrm{A} \Sigma / Г \Pi \mathrm{C}$ around $\mathrm{BA} \Sigma[\mathrm{I} \Lambda \mathrm{E} \Omega \Sigma] \triangle$ HMHTPIOY, FP monogram between legs of the eagle, (S.7105, SNG Israel I (Spaer) 2218-9, ACNAC Houghton 767 (p.76), NN\&M 34 Rogers 96 [p.26], NN\&M 73 Newell 156 [p.33], BMC 1, [p.76]). Weak in places, nearly extremely fine.

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 46 (lot 1939).


3262*
Syria, Kingdom of, Antiochos VIII, (121-96 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.172 grams), Damascus mint, first reign, issued 119-118 B.C., obv. diademed head of Antiochos VIII to right, fillet border, rev. Zeus Uranius with crescent above standing to left, holding star and sceptre, on right BAटI $\triangle E \Omega \Sigma$ and ANTIOXOY and to left ЕПIФANOYг, to left AP monogram over AN, in exergue date $\Gamma \mathrm{qP}=193=$ 120-119 B.C., (cf.S.7143, cf.SNG Israel I (Spaer) 2646, Newell LSM 89). Minor flan crack, nearly extremely fine and very scarce.


3263*
Syria, Kingdom of, Antiochus IX, (113-95 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.548 gms ), Antioch mint, first rule in Antioch 113-112 B.C., obv. diademed bearded head of Antiochus IX to right, fillet border, rev. Athena standing to left, holding wreath bearing Nike in outstretched hand, all within laurel wreath, on right, BAI $\Lambda$ E $\Omega \Sigma$ ANTIOXOY and to left ФІЛО ПАТОРОГ, to left mongram of T N over A, N to right, (S.7160, Newell SMA 384, SNG Von Post 601, SNG Israel I (Spaer) 2679). Nearly very fine and scarce.
\$250

Ex Taylor, Brisbane, October 1982.


3264*
Syria, kingdom of, Philip Philadelphos, (93-83 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.832 grams), Antioch mint, obv. head of Philip to right, with diademed, fillet border, rev. Zeus seated to left, on throne holding Nike, II in exergue, legends left and right [B]A $\Sigma І \Lambda Е[\Omega \Sigma]$ ФІ ІІППОҮ ЕПІФАNOY ФІムААЕ $Ф О[\mathrm{Y}],(\mathrm{S} .7196$, Newell SMA 448, SNG Israel I (Spaer) 2807), Very fine
\$200
Ex Taylor Brisbane, November 1980.


3265*
Persia - Lydia, Achaemenid Empire, Persian Imperial Coinage, (c.485-420 B.C.), struck in period of Darios I - Xerxes I, gold daric, ( 8.308 grams), obv. bearded archer (king?) running to the right with transverse spear over shoulder, and bow in right hand, rev. oblong punch, (S.4679, Carradice type IIIb (early), Group A/B, nos.27, Pl.XIII, BMC Arabia Pl.XXIV, 26, SNG Cop. 274). Very fine and scarce.

Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, May 1998.


Lot 3266

## 3266*

Persian Imperial Coinage, Kingdom of, Artaxerxes I, (475420 B.C.), silver siglos, ( 5.546 grams), obv. king as bearded archer kneeling to right with spear and bow, rev. oblong incuse punch with additional interesting banker's punch marks, (S.4678, Babelon Pl.86, 11, Carradice type IIIb). Very fine.
$\$ 100$
Ex Taylor, Brisbane, July 1981.


3267*
Egypt, Kingdom of, Ptolemy I, (323-283 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (15.022 grams), issued c.310-305 B.C., obv. head of Alexander wearing elephant headdress to right, rev. A $\wedge E E A N \triangle P O Y$ on left, Athena Alkidemos to right with spear and shield, KP monogram on right, helmet above eagle to right, (S.7750, Sv. 164 [Pl.VI, 3), Zervos, The Alexander Mint of Egypt, Group 29 [p.130-2, SNG Cop.-, BMC 32). Two banker's marks on cheek, light grey tone, otherwise good very fine and rare.

Ex Antiquarius, New Zealand, April 1983.


3268*
Zeugitana, Carthage, (c.310-290 B.C.), electrum stater, ( 7.658 grams), obv. head of Tanit to left, wreathed with corn, wearing necklace, rev. horse standing to right, single exergue line below, dot below line, dotted border, (S.6459, Jenkins 257). Very fine and scarce.

Ex Taylor, Brisbane, September 1982.

## Roman Coins



## 3269*

Nero, (A.D. 54-68), gold aureus, issued c.65-66, Rome mint, ( 7.262 grams ), obv. laureate head to right of Nero, around NERO CAESAR AVGVSTVS, rev. Jupiter seated left on throne, holding thunderbolt and sceptre, IVPPITER CVSTOS around, (S.1930, RIC 52, BMC 67, C.118). A nice example, very fine.

Ex Dr Thompkins, Adelaide, and previously from Baldwin's London, and apparently one of a hoard of 30 found near Naples in 1950.

The Issue is in all probability a reference to Nero's deliverance from the conspiracy of C. Calpurnius Piso in A.D. 65.


3270*
Constantius II, (A.D. 337-361), gold solidus, issued 347350, Antioch mint, (4.552 grams), obv. around FL IVL CONSTAN TIUS PERP AUG. rosette diademed draped and cuirassed bust to right, rev. around GLORIA REI PVBLICAE, VOT XX MULT XXX in shield, Roma and Constantinople enthroned facing, holding shield, in exergue SMANH, (S.3988; RIC 84 [R2]). Has been mounted, good very finelvery fine and rare.
$\$ 600$


3271*
Valentinian I, (A.D. 364-375), silver siliqua, Lugdunum mint, (1.884 grams), obv. pearl-diademed bust of Valentinian to right, around DN VALENTINI ANVS PF AVG, rev. RESTITV TOR REIP, Valentinian standing facing, left, holding labarum and Victory, PLVG in exergue, (S.4096, RIC 6a, RSC 19); another Constantine I, commemorative follis after death, Alexandria mint, (1.632 grams), rev. Constantine VN MR across, SMALB in exergue, (S.3888, RIC 32, C.716). Very fine - extremely fine. (2)

Ex Classical Arts, Melbourne, 1998, first illustrated.


## 3272*

Honorius, (A.D. 393-423), gold solidus, issued at Constantinople mint in A.D. 397-402, (4.456 grams), obv. helmeted bust to half right with elaborate dress, holding shield and spear over shoulder, around DN HONORI VS P F AVG, rev. Constantinopolis enthroned facing head right, holding sceptre and Victory, star in left field, around CONCORDI A AVGGGA, in exergue CONOB, (S.4242, RIC 8). Tiny scratch in obverse field, otherwise choice extremely fine and scarce.

Ex Colonial Coins, Brisbane, May 1996 and Noble Numismatics Sale 48 (lot 2592).


3273*
Theodosius II, (A.D. 402-450), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, issued A.D. c. 425 ( 4.174 grams), obv. helmeted and cuirassed bust of Theodosius facing with spear and shield, around D N THEODO SIVS P F AVG, rev. SALVD REI PVBLICAE Theodosius enthroned and Valentinian standing facing both in consular robes, star above, CONOB in exergue, (S.4289, RIC 1324). Slightly clipped edge and surface scratches, with large flan, good very fine and very rare.

Purchased January 1992.


3274*
Leo I, (457-474), gold tremissis, Constantinople mint, (1.464 grams), obv. diademed, draped and cuirassed bust to right of Leo, around D N LEO PERPET AVG, rev. Victory advancing to right, head to left, with wreath and cross on globe, star in right field, around VICTORIA AVGVSTORVM, CONOB in exergue, (S.4337, RIC 611). Large flan, extremely fine and very scarce.
\$200
Ex I.S.Wright Ballarat Auction, Sale 120, August 1998.


## 3275*

Zeno I, (A.D. 474-491), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, Officina E, (4.484 grams), obv. Zeno three-quarter facing bust, wearing cuirass, paludamentum and crown, holding spear and shield, around DN ZENO PERP AVC, rev. Victory standing to left, in right hand holding long cross, in right field a star, around VICTORI A AVGGG $\Gamma$, in exergue CONOB, (S.4385, RIC 910). Extremely fine.

Ex International Coin Galleries, May 1992.

## Byzantine Coins



Lot 3276

3276*
Anastasius I, (491-518), gold solidus, issue of 491-498, Constantinople mint, ( 4.296 grams), obv. helmeted and cuirassed bust three-quarter face to right, holding spear and shield, around DN ANASTA SIVS PP AVC, rev. Angel standing facing holding long cross, and cross on globe, around VICTORI A AVCCCB exergue CONOB, star in right field, (S.3, DOC 3b, T.-). Heavy obverse surface marks, and edge filing, otherwise good fine/good very fine and rare.
\$250
Ex Downie's, Melbourne Sale 131, July 1980 (lot 2).


3277*
Justin I, (518-527), gold solidus, issue of 519-527, Constantinople mint, (4.412 grams), obv. helmeted and cuirassed bust three-quarters right, holding spear, around DN IVSTI NVS PP AVI, rev. Angel standing facing holding long cross, cross on globe, around VICTORI A AVCCCB, in exergue CONOB, star in right field, (S. 56 [o150], DOC 2b). Full flan, well centred, minor graffito on reverse, nearly very fine.
\$250
Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 62 (lot 1836).


3278*
Justinian I, (527-565), gold solidus, issue of 545-565, Constantinople mint, ( 4.444 grams), obv. helmeted and cuirassed bust facing, holding globe on cross and shield, around DN IVSTINI ANVS PP AVC, rev. Angel standing facing holding long cross with P at top, cross on globe, around VICTORI A AVCCCE, in exergue CONOB, star in right field, (S.140, DOC 9e R.454, T.32). Large flan, off centred reverse, otherwise nearly extremely fine.

Ex Townsville Coins, July 1983.


## 3279*

Justin II, (A.D.565-578), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, (4.474 grams), issued 565-578, obv. bust of Justin II facing, with plume and diadem, two pearls at each side, wearing cuirass, and holding globe surmounted by Victory, D N I VSTI NVS PP AVI around, rev. Constantinople seated looking right, with helmet tunic and mantle, on right shoulder aegis, left hand holds a spear, cross on globe, around VICTORI A AVGGG A, CONOB in exergue, (S.345, DOC 4a, W.1-2, T.1-2). Large flan, otherwise extremely fine.


3280*
Tiberius II Constantine, (A.D.578-582), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, (4.454 grams), issued 579-582, Officina E, obv. crowned and cuirassed bust of Tiberius II facing, holding shield and globe surmounted by cross, D m TIb CONS TANT P P AVI around, rev. VICTORI A AVCCE around, cross potent on four steps, in exergue CONOB, (S.422, DOC 4e, BMC 4, T. 5, R.917). About as struck on broad flan with mint bloom, extremely fine and rare in this condition.
$\$ 400$
Ex Collector Coins Sale No. 21 November 1995 (lot 199).


## 3281*

Maurice Tiberius, (A.D.582-602), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, ( 4.372 grams), Officina I, obv. helmeted with plume, draped and cuirassed bust of Maurice Tiberius facing, of narrow aspect, holding globe surmounted by cross, D N MAVRC TIb PP AVC around, rev. VICTOR A AVCCI, around, CONOB in exergue, Angel standing facing holding long staff surmounted by P with cross, and cross on globe, (S.478, DOC. 5j, BMC 14, T.30, R.1012). With full broad off centred reverse, good very finelvery fine.
\$300
Ex Downie's Auction, Sale No.178, May 1984 (lot 3179)


3282*
Phocas, (A.D. 602-610), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, (4.502 grams), issued A.D. 603-607, Officina S, obv. Phocas facing bust, bearded, wearing cuirass, paludamentum and crown, without pendilia and cross, holding cross on globe, around ON FOCAS PERP AVI, rev. Angel facing, holding in right hand long staff, with partial $P$ on cross symbol at top, in left hand globe with cross above, around VICTORIA AVGG S, (S.618, DOC 5f, BMC -, T.--, R.1194). Broad flan weak in places, otherwise extremely fine/good very fine and scarce.

Ex Downies, Melbourne Sale 157, August 1982 (lot 357).


Lot 3283

## 3283*

Heraclius, (610-641), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, issued 616-625, (4.446 grams), Officina $\Gamma$, obv. facing busts of Heraclius and Heraclius Constantine, wearing chlamys and crown, around dd NN hERACLIVS ET hERA CONST PP AVG, rev. cross potent on base and three steps, below CONOB, around VICTORIA AVGU Г, (S.738, DOC 13c, BMC -, T.-, R.-). Broad flan, slightly off centred, good very fine, scarce.
\$300
Ex Downie's, Melbourne, Sale 151, February 1982 (lot 561).


3284*
Heraclius, (610-641), gold solidus, issued 632-635, Constantinople mint, Officina B, (4.438 grams), Class IVA(a), obv. standing figures of Heraclius in centre, Heraclius Constantine on left, and Heraclonas on right, cross above, rev. Cross potent on three steps, monogram to to left, A in right field, around VICTORIA AVGUB, CONOB in exergue, (S.764, cf.DOC [39a Officina A], BMC -, T.-, R.-). Slightly off centred, good very fine and rare.
\$300
Ex I.S. Wright Ballarat Auction, Sale No. 87, April 1994 (lot 248).


3285*
Constans II, (641-668), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, issued 641-6, (4.362 grams), officina $\Theta$, obv. bust facing of Constans without beard, wearing chlamys and crown, around dN CONSTAN TINUS PP AV, rev. cross potent on base and three steps, below CONOB, around VICTORIA AVGU $\Theta$, (S. 938 [ $£ 250 \mathrm{EF}]$, DOC [1i], T.14, BMC 5). Nearly extremely fine/very fine and very scarce
$\$ 300$
Ex Taylor, Brisbane, October 1982.


## 3286*

Constans II, (641-668), gold solidus, issued, (4.228 grams), Syracuse mint, Class VI, issued c.661-668, obv. large crowned long-bearded bust facing of Constans, wearing chlamys and plumed helmet, ornamented with cross, Constantine IV on right wearing crown with cross on top, around traces of dN CONST ANU, rev. Cross potent above three steps, figures of Heraclius on left and Tiberius on right, each holding cross on globe, around VICTORIA A VG KU., in exergue CONOB, (S.1058c, DOC (162c), R.1620, BMC 284). Good very fine and very rare.

Ex Classical Arts Melbourne, November 1998.


3287*
Constantine IV, (668-685), solidus, Constantinople mint, Class IV, issued 681-685, (4.430 grams), Officina $\Delta$, obv. helmeted three-quarter cuirassed bust to right, with frontal plume, holding spear and shield, P CONS T A NUS PP A around, rev. Cross potent on three steps, between Heraclius and Tiberius, Officina H , around VICTOR AVGU $\Delta$, CONOB in exergue, (S.1157, DOC (12a, Officina A), T.-, R.-, BMC -). Weakly struck on parts of legend, some double striking, otherwise good very fine and a very rare variant.

Ex Downie's Melbourne, Auction Sale 150, January 1981 (lot 2253).


3288*
Justinian II, (first reign 685-695), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, issued 687-692, (4.262 grams), officina ?, obv. bust facing of Justinian with beard as a row of dots, wearing chlamys and crown, holding cross on globe, around D IUSTINIA [NUS PE A]V, rev. cross potent on base and three steps, below CONOB, around VICTORIA AVGU A?, (S.1245, DOC 4a-c [same obverse die], BMC -). Edge has been lightly filed around, weak in places, otherwise nearly very fine and a rare variety.

Ex Rudnick, USA, February 2003.


3289*
Tiberius III, (A.D. 698-705), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, (4.416 grams), officina $\Theta$, obv. cuirassed bust facing with short beard, wearing crown and holding spear, around d TIbERI US PE AU, rev. VICTORIA AUGU around, cross potent on three steps, beneath CONOB, (S.1360, BMC 6, T.6, DOC [1h]). Weak in places, otherwise good very finel very fine and very scarce.

Ex Colonial Coins, Brisbane, September 1999.


3290*
Leo III the "Isaurian", (717-741), gold tremissis, (1.482 grams), Constantinople mint, issued 717-720, obv. facing bust of short beard of Leo III wearing crown and chlamys, holding cross potent on globe, around dND LEO ND AMUL , rev. cross potent on base, around VICTORIA AVGVS, CONOB in exergue, (S. 1507 [ $£ 500 \mathrm{VF}$ ], DOC 14, BMC -, T.-, R.-). Obverse scratch marks, nearly extremely fine and very rare.


3291*
Constantine V, (741-775) with Leo IV (from 751), gold solidus, (4.400 grams), Constantinople mint, issued 751757 , Officina $\Theta$, obv. small facing busts of Constantine V and Leo IV each wearing crown and chlamys, large cross between, around CONSTANTINOS S LEON O NEOS, rev. large facing bust of Leo III, wearing crown and loros, holding cross potent, around G LE ON P A M Y L $\Theta$, (S.1551, DOC $2 \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{BMC} 8=\mathrm{T} .37)$. Good very fine and scarce.

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 57 (lot 786).


3292*
Leo IV, the Khazar, (775-780) with Constantine VI (from 776 ), gold solidus, (4.416 grams), Constantinople mint, issued 778-780, obv. facing seated busts of Constantine VI on right and Leo IV on left,each wearing crown and chlamys, large cross between, around LEON [VS S ESSON CONSTANTI]NOS O NEOS, rev. large facing bust of Leo III and Constantine V, wearing crown and loros, cross between, around LEON PAP' CONSTANTINOS PATHR, (S.1584, DOC 2, BMC 3-6, T.5-7, R.1767). Very fine and rare.
$\$ 600$
Ex I.S. Wright, Ballarat, Auction Sale No.97, June 1995,


3293*
Constantine VI and Irene, (780-797), silver milliaresion, Constantinople mint, issued 780-797, (2.230 grams), obv. five lines of legend, within a triple circle of dots, CONS/ TANTINO/ SS IRINIE/ COEU BA/ SILIS, rev. cross potent on base with three steps, around IhUS XRIS TUS NICA, (S. 1595 [ $£ 150$ EF], BMC 4, DOW 4a); together with Nicephorus I, (802-811) with Stauracius (from 803), AE follis, (1.994 grams), Syracuse mint, issued 803-811, obv. facing bust of Nicephorus I, wearing crown and loros, rev. facing bust of Stauracius wearing chlamys and crown, (S.1612, DOC 10, BMC 13-4). First coin with slightly irregular shaped flan, otherwise nearly extremely fine and scarce; second with green patina and very fine. (2)

Ex Pegasi, U.S.A. October 2002 for first coin.


3294*
Michael I and Theophylactus, (811-813), silver milliaresion, Constantinople mint, issued 811-813, (2.204 grams), obv. five lines of legend, within a triple circle of dots, MIXA/HL S ©EOFV/ LACTEECOS/ BASILIS RO/MAION, rev. cross potent on base with three steps, around IhSUS XRIS TUS NICA, (S. 1616 [£100 VF], BMC 2-3, DOC 3, T.4). Slightly irregular shaped flan, otherwise good very fine and scarce.

Ex Classical Numismatic Group, Electronic Auction 24 September 2001 (lot 64344) and previously in their Auction Sale 28, 12th August 1993 (lot 731).


3295*
Leo V and Constantine, (A.D. 813-820), gold solidus, ( 3.942 grams), Syracuse mint, obv. facing bust with short beard wearing crown and loros and holding cross potent, around [LE]ON bASILEU, rev. facing bust of Constantine wearing crown and chlamys and holding globe with cross, around CONSTATINOS b, (S.1631B, DOC 14, BMC -). Some shortness of flan on obverse, otherwise extremely fine and rare.
$\$ 900$
Ex Classical Numismatic Group, Electronic Auction October 22, 2001 (lot 64677).


3296*
Michael II and Theophilus, (821-829), gold solidus, (3.806 grams), struck at Syracuse mint, obv. Michael facing bust holding cross on circlet, has a short beard and wears a crown, around MI XAHL, rev. Theophilus facing beardless wearing loros and crown, in right hand cross crosslet, around $\Theta E$ O FIL, (S.1646, DOC 15, BMC 11-12, T.13-14). Dumpy flan as usual, good very fine and scarce.

Ex Classical Numismatic Group February 1999 with ticket.


3297*
Theophilus, (A.D. 829-842), gold semissis, issued at Syracuse mint in A.D. 831-842, (1.838 grams), obv. facing bust of Theophilus, crowned with cross, holding cross potent and wearing chlamys, around $\Theta E O$ FILOS, rev. facing bust of Theophilus, wearing loros, cross on head, holding cross on globe, around @EO FILOS, (S.1673, DOC 26a, BMC 35, R.1818-9). Good very fine and very scarce.


3298*
Michael III, (A.D. 842-867), gold semissis, issued at Syracuse mint in A.D. 842-866, (1.580 grams), obv. facing bust of Michael, crowned with cross, holding patriarchal cross and wearing chlamys, around MI XAHL $\Theta$, rev. facing bust of Michael wearing loros, cross on head, holding patriarchal cross on globe, around MI XAHL [ $\Theta$ ], (S.1694, DOC 9, BMC 13, T.10). Nearly extremely fine and very scarce.
\$300
Ex Heritage Auctions, USA, with ticket, June 2004 (from the Geneva Collection).


## 3299*

Basil I the Macedonian and Constantine, (A.D.867-886), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, issued from A.D. 867879, (4.390 grams), obv. Christ enthroned facing wearing nimbus, raising right hand in benediction, also holding Gospels, the throne has curved ornamented arms, around + IhS XPS REX REGNANTIUM*, rev. bASILIOS ET CONSTANT' AUGG' b' around, facing busts of Basil I wearing loros on left and Romanus II wearing chlamys on right, both crowned, between them long patriarchal cross, (S.1704, DOC 2b, R.1858). Nearly very fine and scarce.
\$400
Ex Taylor, Brisbane, January 1983.


3300*
Leo VI the Wise, (886-912), silver milliaresion, Constantinople mint, issued 886-908, (2.828 grams), obv. five lines of legend, within a triple circle of dots, +LEWN/ ENXWEV/ SEbHS bASI/ LEVSRW/ MAIWN, rev. cross potent on base with three steps, around IhSUS XRI STUS hICA, (S. 1726 [ $£ 100$ VF], BMC 4-5, DOC 3, R.1870). Slightly irregular shaped flan, otherwise good very fine and scarce.

Ex Classical Numismatic Group, Electronic Auction 53, November 2002, (lot 135).


## 3301*

Constantine VII and Romanus II, (A.D.913-959), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, issued from A.D. 945, (4.400 grams), obv. Christ facing bust wearing nimbus, raising right hand in benediction, also holding Gospels, around + IhS XPS REX REgNANTIUm around, rev. traces of CONSTANT CE ROMAN AVGG bR around, facing busts of Constantine VII wearing loros on left and Romanus II wearing chlamys on right, both crowned, between them long patriarchal cross, (S.1751, R.1905, DOC 15, BMC 60-63, R.1905). Good very fine and scarce.

Ex I.S. Wright, Ballarat Auction Sale 97, June 1995 (where it is described in error as Nicephorus II).


## 3302*

Constantine VII and Romanus II, (A.D.913-959), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, issued from A.D. 945, (4.314 grams), obv. Christ facing bust wearing nimbus, raising right hand in benediction, also holding Gospels, around + IhS XPS REX REgNANTIUm around, rev. CONSTANT CE ROMAN AVGG bR around, facing busts of Constantine VII wearing loros on left and Romanus II wearing chlamys on right, both crowned, between them long patriarchal cross, (S.1751, R.1905, DOC 15, BMC 60-63, R.1905). Very fine and scarce.

Ex William M. Rosenblum, Co. U.S.A., February 2001.


3303*
Constantine VII and Romanus II, (A.D.913-959), silver milliaresion, Constantinople mint, issued 920-931, (2.638 grams), obv. five lines of legend, within a triple circle of dots, +COnST'T/ PORFVROG/ CEROmAnO/ EnX'WEVSEb/ B'RWmEON, rev. cross potent on base with three steps, around IhSUS XRI STUS hICA, (S. 1757 [ $£ 50 \mathrm{VF}]$, BMC 67-69, DOC 21, R.1906). Toned, with surface scratches, otherwise very fine and scarce.

Ex Colonial Coins, Brisbane, December 1995 (lot 223).


3304*
Romanus II, (A.D. 959-963), AE 17 (follis?), Cherson mint, ( 2.220 grams), obv. monogram of rho omega, rev. cross floriate on two steps, pellets to left and right, (S.1775, DOC 3, BMC 32-34 [Romanus I]). Very fine and scarce.
\$50
Purchased in March 2003. The comparative commonness of this type suggest that an attribution to Romanus I may be more preferable.


3305*
Basil II, (A.D.976-1025), with Constantine VIII Co-emperor throughout reign and also (A.D.1025-1028), gold tetarteron nomisma, Constantinople mint, ( 4.226 grams), obv. Christ bust facing wearing nimbus with crescents in upper quarters, raising right hand, in left hand the Gospels, IhS XIS REX REgNANTInm around, rev. +bASIL C CONSTANT I bR around, facing busts of Basil on left wearing loros of square pattern, and Constantine on right wearing jewelled chlamys, each wearing crown, each holding between them a plain cross with X on cross, (S.1806, DOC 15b, BMC 5). Extremely fine and scarce.
\$750
Ex Classical Numismatic Group, December 1998 with ticket.


3306*
Anonymous Byzantine, AE folles, obv. Christ, rev. legends, A above and below, type Class A2.41 (issued 976-1030/5) (11.426 grams), (S.1813, DOC A2.41). Good very fine, weakness on face.

Ex Pars Coins, U.S.A., August 2003.


3307*
Romanus III, (A.D. 1028-1034), gold histamenon nomisma, Constantinople mint, ( 3.658 grams), obv. Christ enthroned facing with nimbus, around +IhS XIS REX REgNANTInm, rev. Virgin with nimbus placing hand on Romanus head crowning emperor, who holds cross on globe, around $\Theta C E$ bOH $\Theta$ RWMANW, M $\Theta$ above between figures, (S.1819, DOC No.1c, BMC 1-3, R.1972-3). Clipped, light in weight, very fine and scarce.


3308*
Constantine IX, (A.D.1042-1055), electrum gold histamenon nomisma, Constantinople mint, (4.288 grams), obv. bust of long bearded Christ facing, wearing nimbus, raising right hand, in left hand the Gospels, IhS XIS REX REgNANTINM around, triple dotted border, rev. +CWNSTANTN bASILEUS RM around bust of Constantine facing, bearded wearing crown and loros, holding labarum and globe with cross, triple dotted border, (S. 1830 [ $£ 300 \mathrm{EF}], \mathrm{BMC} 6-9$, DOC.3, R.1970-1). Large flan, extremely fine, very scarce.
$\$ 400$
Ex Downie's Melbourne, retail listing, December 1991.


3309*
Isaac I, (A.D.1057-1059), scyphate gold histamenon nomisma, Constantinople mint, (4.402 grams), obv. Christ seated facing on throne without arms, wearing nimbus, raising right hand, in left hand the Gospels, IhS XIS REX REgNANTInm around, rev. +ICAAKIOC RACILEVC PWM, around standing figure of Isaac facing, bearded, wearing crown and military attire, holding sword in right hand and left hand resting on sheath, (S.1843, DOC 2, BMC 2-3, R.2007). Slightly double struck, extremely fine and a rare ruler.
\$400
Ex Classical Numismatic Group, November 2002
A ruler of 28 months, he issued coins in his name in gold and silver (an extremely rare two-thirds miliaresion). He was in conflict with the church and after a short reign was placed on trial with trumped up charges of heresy but died before judgement was passed. His coins are rarely seen, this coin is as fine as the few offered in the Hunt brothers sales.


3310*
Constantine X, (A.D.1059-1067), gold histamenon nomisma (Scyphate), Constantinople mint, (4.262 grams), obv. Christ seated facing on throne with straight arms, wearing nimbus, raising right hand, in left hand the Gospels, IhS XIS REX REgNANTInm around, rev. + KWN RAC $\Lambda \Delta$ OVKAC, around standing figure of Constantine facing, bearded, wearing crown, saccos and loros, holding labarum no pellet on shaft and globe with cross, (S.1847, DOC 1a, BMC 3, R.2010). Nearly very finelvery fine.


## 3314*

Michael VII, (A.D.1071-1078), electrum gold histamenon nomisma (scyphate), Constantinople mint, (3.468 grams), obv. bust of long bearded Christ facing, wearing nimbus, raising right hand, in left hand the Gospels, IC XC across, double dotted border, rev. +MIXAHL BACIL A, around bust of Michael facing, bearded wearing crown and loros, holding labarum without pellet on shaft and globe with cross, (S.1868, DOC 2a, BMC 3, R.2032). Light in weight, has been clipped and slightly bent, very finelgood very fine.

Ex Tom Cederlind, December 2000, where it is incorrectly described as a Michael IV issue.


3315*
Nicephorus III, (A.D.1078-1081), electrum gold histamenon nomisma (scyphate), Constantinople mint, (4.272 grams), obv. bearded Christ enthroned no back, facing, wearing nimbus, raising right hand, in left hand the Gospels, IC XC across, double dotted border, rev. +NIKHФ $\triangle \mathrm{EC} \mathrm{T} \mathrm{W}$ ROTANIAT, around bust of Nicophorus facing, bearded wearing crown and loros, holding labarum with X on shaft and globe with cross, (S.1881, DOC 3, BMC 7-11, R.20512). Flan crack, double struck, pale gold, fine Igood fine.
\$200
Ex Taylor, Brisbane, October 1982.


3316*
Alexius I, (1081-1118), gold hyperpyron (scyphate), Constantinople mint, post reform issue, 1092-1118 (4.360 grams), obv. Christ enthroned facing, wearing nimbus, IC XC over to left KE RO, to right H@EI, rev. facing figure of Alexius standing wearing crown, holding patriarchal cross to right 'manus Dei' legend to left $\mathrm{A} / \Lambda \mathrm{E} / \Sigma \mathrm{I} \Omega / \Delta \mathrm{EC} / \Pi \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{TH}$ to right T $\Omega / \mathrm{KO} / \mathrm{MNH} / \mathrm{N} \Omega$, (S.1912, Hendy Pl.3, 4-10, BMC 4-6, R.2057-8). Nearly extremely fine with light graffiti, very scarce.


3317*
John II, (1118-1143), electrum aspron trachy (scyphate), Constantinople mint, ( 4.238 grams), obv. Christ enthroned facing, wearing nimbus, IC XC to left and to right, rev. facing full length figures of John to left and St. George to right holding sword, both holding between them the patriarchal cross on three steps, portions of ethnic each side, (S.1942, Hendy Pl.10, 3-4; BMC 44-48, R.2098). Double struck on obverse, good very fine and scarce.
\$250

Ex M.R. Roberts, Sydney, March 1983.


3318*
Manuel I, (1143-1180), electrum aspron trachy (scyphate), Constantinople mint, ( 4.334 grams), obv. Christ facing on dais, bearded and wearing nimbus, in hand the Gospels, IC XC to left and right, star on each side, rev. facing figures of St. Theodore on right and Manuel I on left wearing divitision and chlamys, holding a patriarchal cross between them, globe at base, around MANUH $\Lambda$ to left, $\mathrm{O} / \Theta \mathrm{E} / \mathrm{W} / \mathrm{R} / \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{S}$, (S.1959, Hendy Pl.13, 5-9, BMC 27-30). Large flan, cut in edge, weak in places, good very fine.

Ex I.S. Wright, Ballarat Auction Sale, No.98, August 1995 (lot 547).

3319
Andronicus I, Commenus, (A.D. 1183-1185), Billon aspron trachy, Constantinople mint, obv. Virgin standing facing, MP-OV either side, rev. Christ and Andronicus holding labarum and cross on globe, legend either side, (S.1985, Hendy Pl.18, 13-16, BMC 5-9). Good very fine, obverse mistruck.

Purchased December 1901 from Antiquarica, USA.


3320*
Isaac II, (1185-1195), electrum aspron trachy (scyphate), Constantinople mint, ( 3.526 grams), obv. The Virgin Mary enthroned facing, wearing nimbus, holds infant Christ facing, MP monogram to left and $\Theta Y$ to right, rev. facing half length figures of the Archangel Michael nimbate on right who crowns the emperor Isaac standing on left facing, traces of legend both sides, (S.2002, Hendy Pl.20, 5-8, BMC 12-15, R.2178-9). Delightful red tone, weak in places, otherwise nearly extremely finelextremely fine and scarce.

Ex Colonial Coins, Brisbane, November 1999.

## 3321

Alexius III, Angelus-Commenus, (A.D. 1195-1203), electrum aspron trachy, Constantinople mint, ( 2.766 grams), obv. Bust of Christ facing, wearing nimbus, legend across, rev. Alexius and St. Constantine standing facing holding labarum between them, traces of legend either side, (S.2009a, Michael O'Hara in Num Circ. 1977 pp.186-8, No.12). Edges wavy, with several small voids in the metal, otherwise fine/very fine and very rare.
\$200
Ex Wayne G. Sayles, U.S.A. with his ticket. November 2001.

## 3322

Empire of Nicaea, billon trachy, Theodore I, Commenus -Lascaris, (A.D.1208-1222), obv. Virgin enthroned facing, rev. Theodore and St. Theodore standing facing, (S.2061, H. pl.30, 7-10); Theodore II, (A.D. 1254-1258), obv. Christ standing, rev. Theodore standing facing, (S.2142, Hendy Pl.35, 7); another similar, obv. bust of Christ, rev. Theodore and St. Theodore, (S.2144, H. Pl.XXXVI, 12). Fine - nearly very fine and all very scarce. (3)

Ex Wayne Sayles June 2003 for the first coin and the last two from Classical Numismatic Group, Electronic Auction Sale 68 (lot 301), November 2003.


3323*
John III, Empire of Nicaea, (A.D.1222-1254), scyphate gold hyperpyron, Magnesia mint, (4.310 grams), obv. Christ seated facing on throne, wearing nimbus, raising right hand, IC XC across, o in field to left and plain right, rev. half length figures of John on left and Virgin crowning him on the right, traces of legend in field, (S.2073, cf.Hendy Pl.32, 2). Extremely fine and scarce.


3324*
Michael VIII, (1258-1282), gold hyperpyron (scyphate), Constantinople mint, ( 4.176 grams), obv. bust of Virgin within city walls and six towers, control letters (sigla) D. to left, rev. St.Michael presenting kneeling emperor Michael to Christ with scroll, (S.2242, cf.Bendall PCPC 4, cf.DOC 6). Clipped flan, some weakness in places as usual, otherwise good very fine and scarce.

Ex Glen Woods, U.S.A., April 2003.


## 3325*

Andronicus II and Michael IX, (1295-1320), gold hyperpyron (scyphate), Constantinople mint, (4.162 grams), obv. bust of Virgin within city walls and four towers, control letters (sigla) C and A to left and right, rev. Andronicus II and Michael IX to left and right with Christ standing between both emperors, traces of partial legend around each emperor, (S.2396, cf.Bendall PCPC 17 and 58, var. type sigla). Small flan, weak in places as usual, otherwise nearly extremely fine and a very rare set of sigla.

Ex Ashgrove Coins, Brisbane, November 1989.


3326*
Andronicus II and Andronicus III, (1325-1328 or later), joint reign, gold hyperpyron (scyphate), Constantinople mint, ( 3.902 grams), obv. bust of Virgin within city walls and four towers, control letters :./K, :./X to left and right, rev. Andronicus II and Andronicus III to left and right with Christ standing between both emperors, traces of partial legend downwards of each emperor, (S.2461, Bendall PCPC 185.3 var.14, DOC 502). Large flan, weak in places as usual, otherwise very fine.
\$200
Ex Downie's, Melbourne, January 1983.


3327*
Andronicus III, (1328-1341), AE trachy, (0.964 grams), obv. winged patriarchal cross, rev. half length figures of Andronicus to left and St. Demetrius to right, holding long cross between them, star in cloud above, (S.2483, Bendall LPC 3 [p.234], Bendal PCPC 270). Odd shaped flan, otherwise very fine or better, rare.

Ex Harlan J. Berk, Chicago, Sale 134, August 2003.


## 3328*

Manuel II Palaeologus, (A.D. 1391-1423), silver quarter hyperpyron (half stavrata), (3.616 grams), Constantinople mint Public mint, obv. bust of Christ facing, rev. bust of Manuel facing, partial; legends around, (S.2551). Nearly very fine.

Ex Malter Galleries, Encino, Cal., December 2002.


3329*
John VIII Palaeologus, (A.D. 1423-1448), silver half hyperpyron or stravata, Constantinople mint, ( 6.378 grams), obv. Christ's bust facing, IC-XC across, dots around outer circle, rev. John bust facing two circles of legend around, (S.2563, Bendall LPC No. 1 [p172], Bendall PCPC 348.19). Weak in places and off slightly off centred, otherwise nearly extremely fine and scarce.

## OTHER PROPERTIES

## ANCIENT GOLD COINS

Greek Gold Coins



3330*
Thrace, Kingdom of, Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), gold stater, ( 8.434 grams), Byzantium mint, issued after 281 B.C., probably about 195-190 B.C., obv. head of Alexander to right, with diadem and horn of Ammon, rev. Athena enthroned to left, supporting Nike, spear behind, monogram $\mathrm{C} \Theta / \mathrm{NM}$ to left, to right BA $\Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda \mathrm{E} \Omega \Sigma$, to left [ $\Lambda]$ Y $\Sigma \mathrm{IMAXOY}$, trident in exergue, BY on throne base, (cf.S.6813, M.153, SNG Cop. 188 [Pl.21], Thompson -, cf.Seyrig "Essays in Greek Coinage" to Stanley Robinson, Plate 23, 11 [similar obverse die]). Nearly extremely fine of fine style and very rare.
\$2,500
The simple trident in the exergue was used, as Seyrig suggests, for Byzantium from 205-190 B.C. The curious monogram to left is noted by Muller.


## 3331*

Thrace, Kingdom of, Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), gold stater, ( 8.274 grams), Byzantium mint, posthumous issue c. 88-86 B.C., obv. diademed head of Alexander the Great to right, wearing horn of Ammon, rev. Athena enthroned to left, holding Nike and resting left arm on shield, transverse spear resting against right side to right, to right $\operatorname{BA} \Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda \mathrm{E} \Omega[\Sigma]$, to left $\Lambda$ Y $\Sigma$ IMAX[OY], monogram $\triangle \mathrm{MH} \Pi$ A below arm, BY on throne, trident and monogram below in exergue, (cf.S.6813, AMNG 2477, cf.SNG Cop.1090, cf.M.175, cf.Seyrig Pl. 24 No.14, De Callatay p.142, Pl.XXXVIII, dies D-/R4 [this reverse die], Naville Sale V, lot 1693 [Same reverse die]), Extremely fine, well centred on the obverse and virtually as struck and very rare.
\$2,200
This lot comes from an important hoard of Greek gold staters from the time of the Mithradatic War (88-86 B.C.). They were issued by Mithradates VI of Pontus who used the design of the issues of Lysimachos. These staters with the head of Alexander the Great linked him to Alexander, history's greatest conqueror. At the age of 18 , Mithradates embarked on a career of conquest, bringing most of the lands around the Black Sea under his control. These policies bought him into conflict with Rome and he consequently tried to liberate the East from Rome, quickly defeated the local garrisons and massacred every Roman citizen in Asia (some 80,000 in one night). Athens welcomed him as a liberator. In 87 B.C. the Consul Sulla and five legions captured Athens and pursued Mithradates back to Asia Minor. Mithradates was fined 2000 talents ( 600,000 gold staters) and returned to Pontus. These gold staters were probably struck during his campaign in Thrace in late 88 to early 87 B.C., to pay his mercenary soldiers. Several cities struck these coins and this mint has similar monogram to that issued at Tomis (see Noble Sale 78, lot 4902). An alternative view has been put forward suggesting that these coins were issues of Brutus in the Civil war of 44-42 B.C. (this view was published in Celator January 2000 [pp. 22-24]).


## 3332*

Black Sea Area, similar to Thracian issue of King Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), gold stater, (8.050 grams), Uncertain mint, barbarous posthumous issue c.1st century B.C., obv. diademed head of Alexander the Great to right, wearing horn of Ammon, rev. Athena enthroned to left, holding Nike and resting left arm on shield, transverse spear resting against right side to right, to right $\mathrm{BA} \Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda \mathrm{E} \Omega[\Sigma]$, to left $\Lambda$ Y$\Sigma$ IWAXV, N below arm, trident in exergue, (cf.S.6813, cf. Gobl OTA 282, CNG Sale 60 [lot 3, This Coin]), Minor field marks, good very fine with very large flan, unpublished and extremely rare.
\$1,800
Ex Classical Numismatic Group, Auction Sale 60, May 22, 2002 (lot 3).
This lot comes from a reportedly important hoard of Mithradates VI Greek gold staters from the time of the First Mithradatic War.


## 3333*

Thrace, Kingdom of, Coson, (c. 42 B.C.), gold stater, ( 8.504 grams), Northern Greece mint, obv. three togate figures advancing to left, the first and third carrying an axe over left shoulder, $K O \Sigma \Omega N$ in exergue, Brutus's monogram to left, rev. eagle standing to left on sceptre, holding wreath in one claw, (S.1733, BMC 2, Winkler 1-3). Extremely fine and virtually as struck, rare.

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 63 (lot 3397).
The Coson coinage was struck around 42 B.C., when Brutus, the exiled assassin of Julius Caesar, was raising troops in northern Greece in preparation for the final confrontation with Caesar's heirs Mark Antony and Octavian. Brutus had his own travelling mint, but this coinage was evidently a gift from an allied Dacian king from the lower Danube region. The king's name, Coson, appears on the coin and Brutus' name is reduced to a monogram which appears on some issues, including this example. Coson's coin type makes sense in terms of Roman propraganda. The eagle trampling a sceptre and the wreath symbolizes the anti-monarchical sentiments that prompted Caesar's assassination. The obverse type showing a Roman magistrate with his attendants, is copied from the coinage struck by Brutus himself in 54 B.C. It depicts an ancestor of Brutus who overthrew the Tarquin kings and founded the Roman Republic, serving as its first chief magistrate. This design thus serves to emphasize Brutus' attachment to the Republican traditions. See Winkler J., "Consideratii despre moneda 'Koson'," Etudes et Recherches d'Histore Ancienne Vol.23, No. 2 (1972), pp. 173-199.


## 3334*

Mysia, Lampsakos, (c.5th century B.C.), electrum stater, ( 15.204 grams), obv. forepart of winged horse to left bridled with round wings, vine branch to left and above, rev. quadripartite incuse square with alternatively raised and sunken squares, (cf.S. 3881 [ $£ 2500$ commoner variety], Boston 1582 [p.206, Pl. 77 similar dies], cf.ACNAC Rosen 523, cf.SNG von Aulock 1289, Bab. I, 323 var., Baldwin Period I, [AJN 1914, p.7, Pl.I, 9] No.11, cf.BMC 7, Weber 5105). Good very fine and very rare.

$$
\$ 6,000
$$

Agnes Baldwin does not list these dies but notes the existence of 13 examples of Period I and 40 examples of Period II.


## 3335*

Lydia, uncertain king,, (issued before 561 B.C. and probably c. 575 B.C.), electrum trite or third stater, ( 4.716 grams) of Lydian-Milesian (Phoenician standard), probably issued at Sardis, obv. head of roaring lion to right, rev. double incuse punch, (S.3398, BMC 7 [p.2], Weidauer Class XVI, 61-63, SNG Cop. 449-451, ACNAC Rosen 231, ACNAC Dewing 2421-3). Full head within flan, good very fine and rare.
\$2,000
Ex Spink \& Son, London, Numismatic Circular August 2001, (No. GKO276)

The find of early electrum as a foundation deposit in the earliest temple at Ephesus included numerous third staters of this type. It also contained some inscribed electrum coins with the non-Greek name 'Welwet'. Scholars began identifying this name with Alyattes, king of Lydia. Since then this attribution has been thrown into doubt by the more recent discovery of a parallel name, 'Kali', which does not correspond to any known Lydian king. No one really doubts, however that this prolific coinage was issued by the Lydian royal house. The lion's head was the dynastic badge, and this manner of representation, with the herringbone mane and 'wart' on nose (now thought to be a sun symbol as noted on the earliest coins only recently found with such a symbol). The symbol was introduced into Greek art from Assyria in the second half of the seventh century B.C. It is one of, if not the earliest example of ancient coinage that utilises a design of some type on the obverse. This example is better than most for it is well centred and without countermarks.


3336*
Persia - Lydia, Achaemenid Empire, Persian Imperial Coinage, (c.455-420 B.C.), struck in period of Darios I - Xerxes I, gold daric, ( 8.286 grams), Sardes mint, obv. bearded archer (king?) running to the right with transverse spear over shoulder, and bow in right hand, rev. oblong punch, (S.4679, Carradice type IIIb (late), Group C, nos.42, Pl.XIV, BMC Arabia 58, cf.SNG Cop. 274). Good very fine, with underlying mint bloom, scarce.
\$3,200
Ex Spink \& Son, London c. 2001 and previously from Sotheby's, London, October 4, 1991 (lot 52)


3337*
Bactria, Kingdom of, Diodotos I, (256-239 B.C.), gold stater, ( 8.356 grams), Bactra (Balkh) mint; (Newell suggests c.255246 B.C.), in name of Antiochus II, obv. diademed head of Diodotus I to right, dotted border, rev. Zeus striding to left, aegis on his extended left arm, wielding a thunderbolt, at his feet an eagle to left, wreath above, to right BA $\Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda \mathrm{E} \Omega \Sigma$ and to left [A]NTIOXOY, (S.7497, cf.Newell ESM 713 (p.246, Pl.LIII, 5), M. 63 variant [p. 39 Vol.I]). Well centred, minor gash in head on obverse but hardly noticeable, otherwise extremely fine and very rare.
\$4,500
From a recent find which, it is claimed, contained a number of examples of this rarity.


## 3338*

Sassanian King, Shapur II, (309-379), gold dinar, (7.192 grams), Kabul mint type, obv. bust to right with crown, flowing hair type, cross before, rev. fire altar, text around, (Sellwood 31, Gobl 1309.4 [Kushan Gold very similar dies]). Good very fine and rare.


3339*
Egypt, Kingdom of Ptolemy II, (282-246 B.C.), gold tetradrachm, ( 13.834 grams), Alexandria mint, obv. conjoined busts to right of Ptolemy II diademed and draped and Arsinoe II diademed and veiled, above $\mathrm{A} \triangle \mathrm{E} \Lambda \Phi \Omega \mathrm{N}$, shield behind, dotted border, rev. conjoined busts to right of Ptolemy I diademed and wearing aegis and Berenike I diademed and veiled, above $\Theta E \Omega \mathrm{~N}$, dotted border, (S.7790 [£1400], Sv. 604 [Pl.14, 19-21], SNG Cop. 133, BMC 4-5, Hazzard C1035). Attractive good very fine and rare.

Ex Spink \& Son, London, Numismatic Circular, April 2001 (No. GKO181).

The issue has also been attributed to Ptolemy III (Sear), but more recent scholarship (SNG Cop. and Hazard) places it under Ptolemy II. These coins were valued at fifty silver drachms (Hazard p.105].

## Roman Gold Coins



3340*
Nero, (A.D. 54-68), gold aureus, Rome mint, (7.486 grams), issued A.D. 58-59, obv. bare head of Nero to right, around NERO CAESAR AVG IMP, rev. oak-wreath enclosing EX SC, around PONTIF MAX TR P V P P, (cf.S. 1936 [denarius], RIC 16, BMC 17). Small trace of old mounting, minor edge nick, otherwise very fine and rare.


3341*
Vespasian, (A.D. 69-79), gold aureus, Rome mint, issued A.D. 73, ( 7.170 grams ), obv. laureate head of Vespasian to right, around IMP CAESAR VESPASIANVS AVG, rev. A circular shrine of Vesta on the Palantine showing four columns, flanked by two statues on pedestals, statue of Vesta within, VES TA above, (S. 2255 [ $£ 5500$ EF], RIC 304, Cal.695, C.581). Good very fine and rare.
\$8,000


3342*
Domitian, as Caesar under Vespasian, (A.D. 81-96), gold aureus, Rome mint, issued A.D. 74-75, (7.398 grams), obv. small laureate head of Domitian to right, around CAESAR AVG F DOMIT COS III, rev. Spes advancing to left, holding flower, PRINCEPS IVVENTVTIS around, (S.2622, RIC V233, Cal.912b, C.374). Extremely fine, with some original mint bloom and rare.
\$8,000


3343*
Domitian, as Caesar under Vespasian, (A.D. 81-96), gold aureus, Rome mint, issued A.D. 77-78, (7.170 grams), obv. laureate head of Domitian to right, around CAESAR AVG F DOMITIANVS, rev. captive in oriental costume kneeling right, holding standard with vexillum attached, COS V in exergue, (S.2620, RIC V240, Cal.819, C.48). Highlights toned, nearly extremely fine and very scarce.

Reverse is copied from a reverse used by Augustus.


## 3344*

Honorius, (A.D. 393-423), gold solidus, Ravenna mint, issued A.D. 402-406 (4.426 grams), obv. pearl diademed bust draped and cuirassed of Honorius to right, around D N HONORI VS P F AVG, rev. VICTORI A AVGGG, emperor standing right holding standard, Victory on globe, left foot on captive, R V either side, CONOB in exergue, (S.4244, RIC 1319, C.44). Large flan, good very fine and very scarce.

## Byzantine Gold Coins



3345*
Phocas, (A.D. 602-610), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, (4.430 grams), issued A.D. 607-610, Officina E, obv. Phocas facing bust, bearded, wearing cuirass, paludamentum and crown, holding cross, around dNN (sic) FOCAS PERP AV, rev. Angel facing, holding in right hand long staff, with partial chi-rho symbol at top, in left hand globe with cross above, around VICTORIA AVGU E, (S.620, DOC 10e.6-7, cf.BMC 6-7, cf.T.9, R.-). Extremely fine, proof-like field, nearly as struck with some mint bloom.
\$650
The dNN in the obverse legend in known on various issues in DOC eg in illustrated numbers 10 e .7 .


## 3346*

Constans II, (641-668), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, issued 647, ( 4.430 grams), officina $\Delta$, obv. bust facing of Constans with very slight beard, wearing chlamys and crown, around dN CONStAN TINUS PP AV, rev. cross potent on base and three steps, below CONOB, around VICTORIA AVGU $\Delta$, E in right field, (S. 942 ( $£ 300$ EF), DOC (5b], BMC $12=\mathrm{T} .25$ ). With trace of mint bloom, extremely fine/good very fine and rare.
\$600


## 3347*

Constantine IV, (668-685), gold solidus, Constantinople mint, Class II, issued 674-681, (4.496 grams), officina B, obv. helmeted three-quarter cuirassed bust to right, with crest and plume, holding spear and shield, around dN COT NVSP, rev. Cross potent on three steps, between Heraclius and Tiberius, around VICTOA AVGUB, CONOB in exergue, (S.1153, DOC [10aa], W.-, R.-, To.-). File mark on edge, possibly has been mounted, weak in places, otherwise extremely fine and an unlisted officina.
$\$ 400$


## 3348*

Nicephorus III, (A.D.1078-1081), electrum gold histamenon nomisma (scyphate), Constantinople mint, (4.222 grams), obv. bearded Christ enthroned no back, facing, wearing nimbus, raising right hand, in left hand the Gospels, IC XC across, double dotted border, rev. +NIKH $\Phi \Delta$,EC T W ROTANIAT, around bust of Nicophorus facing, bearded wearing crown and loros, holding labarum with X on shaft and globe with cross, (S.1881, DOC 3, BMC 7-11, R.2051-2). Good bust of bearded Christ, good very fine and scarce.
\$450


3349*
John III Ducas called Vatatzes, Empire of Nicaea, (A.D. 1222/3-1254), gold hyperpyron nomisma, Magnesia mint, (4.348 grams), second coinage transitional to late style, issued 1232-1254, obv. Christ enthroned facing nimbate, raising hand, IC XC either side of head, rev. John standing left being crowned by the Virgin Mary, to left and right traces of legend, cross to left and right above throne, (S.2073, DOC 4d, Vol.4, pl.XXIX, 4d; H.Pl.31, 14). Nearly extremely fine and very scarce, weak on head of obverse.

The E on the reverse refers to Indiction 5 and this was in 647.


## 3350*

Andronicus II and Michael IX, (1295-1320), gold hyperpyron (scyphate), Constantinople mint, ( 3.876 grams), obv. bust of Virgin within city walls and four towers, star to right and left over control letters (sigla) K and N to left and right, rev. Andronicus II and Michael IX to left and right with Christ standing between both emperors, traces of partial legend downwards of each emperor, (S.2396, Bendall PCPC 128, var. type sigla 185, DOC 336-349). Minor flan crack, weak in places as usual, otherwise very fine and scarce.


## 3351*

Andronicus II and Michael IX, (1295-1320), gold hyperpyron (scyphate), Constantinople mint, ( 4.154 grams), obv. bust of Virgin within city walls and six towers, control letters (sigla) B and $\Gamma$, to left and right, rev. Andronicus II and Michael IX to left and right with Christ standing between both emperors, traces of partial legend downwards of each emperor, (cf.S.2396, Bendall PCPC 127, type sigla 10, cf.DOC 244). Weak in places as usual, otherwise very fine and very scarce.

There are two main varieties of this type. Those with six groups of towers as in this example and those with four groups of towers in the city walls as in the next lot. The change occurs approximately half way through the reign.


## 3352*

Constantine I, (A.D. 307-337), forgery of good style in gold of a copper folles ( 3.10 grams), obv. pearl rosette draped bust to right, around CONSTANTI NVS MAX AVG, rev, Two soldiers two standards, around GLOR IA EXERC ITVS, SMANГ, (Antioch mint) in exergue, (cf.S.3886). Good very fine and unusual copy to be in gold.

[^1]
## GREEK SILVER \& BRONZE COINS

3353
Celtic, Danube Region, Imitation of Philip III, (c.2nd - 1st century B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.158 grams), obv. convex field with remains of a crude head of Heracles to right, rev. Zeus seated to left holding eagle and sceptre, to right traces of ФІАІППОҮ, below vertical lines, monograms to left, I below throne, (cf.S.210, Sammlung Lanz 924 [same dies]). Fine and rare.
\$100


## 3354*

Gaul, Massalia (as a Colony founded by the Phokaians), (c.400-350 B.C.), silver obol, (0.370 grams), obv. youthful male head of Apollo left, rev. wheel with four spokes, A M in two quarters, (S.72, De La Tour 681). Well centred, good fine/very fine.
\$100


3355*
Italy, Campania, Cales, (c.265-240 B.C.), AE 19, (5.83 grams), obv. head of Athena, helmeted to left, rev. cock standing to right, star behind, CALENO before, (S.548, Sambon 916, SNG ANS 189-196, SNG Cop. 322-3, HN 435). Very fine and scarce.
\$120
Ex Spink America, Auction Sale, December 6-7, 1999 (lot 407 part).
3356
Italy, Campania, Hyria, (c.405-400 B.C.), silver stater or nomos, ( 6.915 grams), obv. head of helmeted Athena to left, crested helmet, with owl and wreath on helmet, rev. manheaded bull to right, above traces of YDINA retrograde, (cf. S. 294 [ $£ 200$ ], Rutter 41 [obv. die 26, rev. die 35], Hunter 9 [same dies], Weber 315 [same dies]). Off centred on obverse, otherwise very good, rare.
\$100
Ex Noble Numismatics Auction Sale 60 (lot 1736).
Almost all examples known from this mint are worn coins. Only four examples are known from this die combination and two of these are in the public collections.


3357*
Italy, Campania, Neapolis (Naples), (c.340-300 B.C.), silver nomos, stater or didrachm, (7.10 grams), obv. head of nymph to right, bunch of grapes behind, AP monogram before, rev. man-headed bull walking to right, crowned by Nike flying right; below П,, below exergue [NEOПOАIT $\Omega \mathrm{N}$ ], (cf.S.307, Sambon 438, SNG ANS 365, cf.BMC 47). Well centred obverse, finelnearly fine.

3358
Italy, Campania, Neapolis (Naples), (c.340-300 B.C.), silver nomos, stater or didrachm, obv. head of nymph to left, herm standing behind, rev. man-headed bull walking to right, crowned by Nike flying right; I $\Sigma$ below bull, exergue [N]EOПO 1 IT $\Omega[\mathrm{N}]$, (cf.S.310, Sambon 515, SNG ANS 405-6, SNG Paris -). Toned, large flan and housed within an attractive silver wooden and felt frame, coin is very fine and a very scarce type.

Exhibited Copperfield Gallery, Mosman, Exhibition, November 1976 and exhibited Vivian Art Gallery, Hurstville NSW, October 28-9, 1989.


3359*
Italy, Campania, Neapolis (Naples), (c.275-250 B.C.), AE 18, ( 5.446 grams), obv. head of Apollo laureate to left, before NEOПO 1 IT $\Omega[\mathrm{N}]$, rev. man-headed bull walking to right, crowned by Nike flying right above, below plain, trace of $\Sigma \mathrm{I}$ in exergue, (cf.S.557, HN 589, Talierco Group IIIa, cf.Sambon 686, SNG France 6.1, 1013 [similar dies]; cf.BMC 222-4 [p.115]). Dark green patina, good very fine and rare.

## 3360

Italy, Campania, Neapolis (Naples), (c.275-200 B.C.), AE 14-18, obv. head of Apollo laureate to left, before traces of NEOПO $\cap I T \Omega[\mathrm{~N}]$ on two examples, rev. man-headed bull walking to right, crowned by Nike flying right above, below plain, one with I $\Sigma$ below, (3), another with omphalos and lyre, (cf.S.557, 558, HN 589, 592, 595, Talierco Group IIIa.25, IIIa.52, IVa and IVd.1, cf.Sambon 681, 688, 697, 733). One bright, others with dark patina, good - fine. (4) $\$ 100$

Ex B.R. Noble Collection, Glendining's London Sale December 11, 1975 (lot 117 part) for the bright example.


## 3361*

Italy, Calabria, Taras, (272-235 B.C.), silver nomos, stater or didrachm, ( 6.356 grams), obv. naked rider crowning stationary horse to right, below ФI^ICKOC, rev. Taras astride a dolphin to left, holding kantharos and trident, below dolphin, tripod, TAPA $\Sigma$ to right, (cf.S.374, cf.Vl.888, cf.SNG ANS 1206-7). Dark tone, slightly off centred on obverse, otherwise very fine.

Ex Guido Bernardi, Trieste with his ticket (US \$280) and Noble Numismatics Sale 61 (lot 2563).


3362*
Italy, Lucania, Metapontum, (c.400-350 B.C.), silver stater, ( 7.524 grams), obv. head of female to right, the hair is held bound by a sphendone or sakkos, rev. corn ear, [META] to left, stalk to left, conical helmet above stalk, (cf.S.409, Noe [NN\&M 47, 1984] 513, SNG ANS 383 [same dies]). Good fine and very scarce.
\$150
Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 54 (lot 1619).


## 3363*

Italy, Lucania, Sybaris (new Sybaris later called Thurium), (443-425 B.C.), silver triobol, ( 1.055 grams), obv. head of Athena to right, wearing crested Athenian helmet, rev. bull standing to right, looking back, $\Sigma$ YBA in exergue, (S. 433 [£150], SNG ANS 862-8, SNG Cop.1403-4, BMC 33). Good fine and rare.

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 61 (lot 2571).
A new Athenian colony on the site of the ruined city of Sybaris which was destroyed shortly afterwards. The coin reflects the transition between the old city and the next city that evolved in 425 B.C. called Thurium.


3364*
Italy, Lucania, Thurium (Thourioi), (350-300 B.C.), silver nomos, stater or didrachm, ( 7.428 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing crested Athenian helmet, ornamented with figure of Scylla, rev. bull butting to right, [ $\Theta O Y P I \Omega N]$ and I below bull, tunny fish below in exergue, dotted exergual line, (cf.S.447; SNG ANS 1058/9 [similar dies]). Minor edge roughness on reverse, otherwise very fine and scarce.
\$200
Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 59 (lot 1794).


3365*
Italy, Bruttium, Caulonia, (420-410 B.C.), silver nomos, stater or didrachm ( 7.634 grams), obv. Apollo naked to right, holding a branch, dolphin either side of Apollo, $\Theta$, below, rev. stag to right, traces of ethnic around, (S.462, Noe 174 [same dies], Jameson 415 [same dies], SNG ANS 210). Off centred reverse, very fine and rare.


3366*
Italy, Bruttium, Croton (Kroton), (420-390 B.C.), silver stater or didrachm ( 7.576 grams), obv. eagle standing to left, on olive-branch, head raised and flapping its wings, rev. tripod-lebes with neck and three handles, KPO to left, in field to right $\Delta$,, (S.472, BMC 80, SNG ANS 365-6). Fine/nearly very fine and rare.

It should be noted that it was with this issue that the transition took place with the K in the city name replacing the archaic letter Q (Koppa).


3367*
Sicily, Akragas, (c.413-406 B.C.), AE 18 hexas, (4.516 grams), obv. eagle with open wings standing right, head looking on a fish, AK to left, rev. crab, two pellets, two tunny fish below, (cf.S.1024, SNG Cop.79-82, SNG ANS 1048-9). Green patina, nearly very fine and scarce.


3368*
Sicily, Kamarina, (413-405 B.C.), AE 15, (3.634 grams), obv. Athena head helmeted to left, rev. owl standing facing, to left KAMA reversed on right, in exergue three pellets, (S.1063, BMC 40); Mysia, Pergamon, (2nd-1st century B.C.), AE 16, (3.930 grams), obv. laureate head of Asklepios to right, rev. snake entwined Asklepian staff, (S.3968, BMC 151-2); Egypt, Alexandria, Diocletian, billon tetradrachm, year $3=286-7$, ( 6.474 grams), obv. laureate head to right of Diocletian, rev. Tyche standing left with rudder and cornucopiae, (S.-, Koln 3233, Milne 4839). Dark patina for the first two coins, very fine or better. (3)


## 3369*

Sicily, Leontinoi, (c.475-468 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 16.898 grams), Obv. Charioteer driving quadriga to right,Nike flying above and crowning horses, Rev. Lion's head to r., with open mouth, around traces of LE O N T I NON (N's reversed), and four corn-grains around, (cf.Sear 825, cf.SNG Cop. 337, Boehringer 'Leontinoi' 22, [Essays to Martin Price] No. 2 [same obverse die, Pl.11]). Good very fine and very rare.


3370*
Sicily, Selinus, (466-415 B.C.), silver didrachm, (7.904 grams), obv. traces of $\Sigma$ ELINOTION (partly retrograde around), naked Herakles, jumping right seizing by its horn the Cretan bull which gallops right, wields a club held high in raised hand, rev. river god Hypsas naked standing facing head left, traces of HYЧA around, holding phiale over altar around which a snake is twined, holds laurel branch, to right crane running right, selinon leaf above, (S. 908 [ $£ 900]$, BMC 34, SNG ANS 705 [same dies], SNG Cop 601 [similar dies]). Die flaw as a crack across the flan, porous field, otherwise good fine and rare.


3371*
Sicily, Syracuse, (c.485-478 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (17.31 grams), obv. fast walking quadriga driven to right by bearded male charioteer, Nike flying right crowning horses, rev. $\Sigma$ YPAK OEI O N around to right, head of Artemis-Arethusa to right, hair slightly waved and turned up behind under diadem of beads, four dolphins around, (cf.S.914, Boehringer 138 same dies (obverse 62/reverse 95 dies), SNG Munich 941 [same dies]). Toned, good very fine and very rare.
\$1,800
Ex Spink Australia Sale 10, (lot 1538 illustrated).
Boehringer notes only four specimens from these dies.


3372*
Sicily, Syracuse, (485-480 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (17.256 grams), obv. slow quadriga driven to right by male charioteer, Nike flying right crowning horses, rev. EVRAKOEION around to right, head of Artemis-Arethusa to right, hair waved and turned up behind under diadem of beads, four dolphins around, (cf.S.913, Boehringer 171 [obv.74/rev. 120 same die], cf.Randazzo Hoard No.339-341 [same reverse die]). Attractive even grey tone, well centred obverse slight surface adhesions on reverse, otherwise good very fine or better and very rare.
\$1,900

[^2]

## 3373*

Sicily, Syracuse, (c.485-478 B.C. revised date 467-461), silver tetradrachm, ( 16.644 grams), obv. fast walking quadriga driven to right by bearded male charioteer, Nike flying right crowning horses, rev. EYPAKOEI O N around to right, head of Artemis-Arethusa to right, hair slightly waved and turned up behind under diadem of beads, four dolphins around, (cf. S.914, Boehringer 186 same dies (obverse 83/reverse 127 dies), cf.SNG ANS 59 [similar dies]). Lightly toned, good very fine and very rare.

$$
\$ 1,750
$$

Boehringer notes only 2 specimens from these dies. The lower dating of this tetradrachm follows D. Knoepfler (SNR 72 [1993] pp.12-27), who argued that four of the Boehringer's series were minted concurrently, using several anvils, until 461 or a little later, when production decreased dramatically and only one anvil was required.


## 3374*

Sicily, Syracuse, (before 357 B.C.), AE 17, (4.670 grams), obv. head of Arethusa to left, with hair bound, [ $\Sigma$ YRA], rev. quadripartite incuse square, at centre incuse square with star inside, (S.1185, BMC 241-2, SNG Cop. 695, Calciati type 16, McClean 2737); another AE 16, (4.04 grams), obv. Female head left, rev. dolphin leaping right, scallop-shell below, $\Sigma$ YRA between , (S.1187, BMC 301-2, SNG Cop. 697-8, Calciati type 24, McClean 2751-3). Fine - very fine and scarce. (2)


3375*
Sicily, Syracuse, period of Timoleon, (344-336 B.C.), AE litra, AE 29, ( 33.15 grams), obv. head of Athena wearing Corinthian helmet to left bound with olive wreath, to left $\Sigma$ YRA, rev. starfish between two dolphins with central pellet, (S.1189, BMC 287, SNG ANS 454-469, Weber 1630). Black shiny patina, clear ethnic, very fine and very scarce.


3376*
Sicily, Syracuse, reign of Agathokles, (317-285 B.C.), AE 20, ( 8.26 grams), obv. bust of Artemis to right, quiver at shoulder behind, $\Sigma \Omega$ TEIPA. rev. above and below winged thunderbolt АГАЄОК 422, McClean 2858, SNG ANS 708ff.). Brown patina, very fine and scarce.
\$150


## 3377*

Sicily, Syracuse, reign of Pyrrhos, (278-276 B.C.), AE 20, ( 9.086 grams), obv. head of young Herakles to left, wearing lion skin, rev. athena Promachos advancing to right with spear and shield, owl in right field, around $\Sigma \mathrm{YPA}[\mathrm{K}] \mathrm{O} \Sigma \mathrm{I} \Omega \mathrm{N}$, (S.1213, BMC 505, SNG Cop. 814, Calciati type 178, McClean 2896 [Pl.104,7]). Brown patina, nearly very fine and very scarce.
$\$ 80$


## 3378*

Sicily, Syracuse, reign of Hieron II, (275-215 B.C.), AE 18 , ( 5.870 grams), obv. head of Poseidon to left, wearing tainia, rev. ornamental trident-head between two dolphins dividing IEP $\Omega$ NO $\Sigma, \Phi$ below, (S.1223, BMC 611, McClean 2927, SNG ANS 964ff.). Brown patina, good very fine and scarce.
$\$ 80$


3379*
Thraco-Macedonian, The Bisalti Tribe, (c. 470 B.C.), silver octodrachm, ( 28.47 grams), obv. CIS A G TIKW N, around nude warrior (or herdsman) wearing petasus, standing to right next to his bridled horse and carrying two parallel spears, dotted exergual line, rev. quadripartite incuse square, (S.1318, Sv. Pl.XI, 4, BMC 2 [p.140]). Some light porosity in upper field area, otherwise extremely fine and very rare.
\$14,000
Ex Patrick Cooper Collection with his tickets and previously acquired from Glendining's, London December 8, 1981 (lot 13), with his tickets.

This impressive coin of the Bisalti shows a young man leading a horse wearing a traditional northern hat which is like a petasus worn by the Macedonians and Thessalians. In addition he carries two spears. He has been identified as Rhesus or Ares, but it is uncertain if he actually represents a true mythical figure. Thrace was in the late sixth century part of the Persian Empire and the Bisalti were a strong and somewhat independent force, as they refused to assist the Great King of Persia when his army crossed Thrace to invade mainland Greece in 480 B.C. Later the Bisalti lost their power, probably to Alexander I of Macedon, the new power in the region after the Persian defeat (who also struck octograms which are very similar to the issues of the Bisalti). These heavy coins of the Bisalti have been found in hoards from Egypt and other parts of the Persian Empire. They were not part of the famous Asyut hoard of Egypt which was buried about 475 B.C. and its absence does suggest a somewhat later date for this octogram of the Bisalti. It has been suggested that the Bisalti won control of the silver mines around Lake Prasias and that their coinage was terminated around the time of the foundation of the Athenian colony at Ennea Hodoi and the subsequent disaster at Drabescus in 465-4 B.C. This battle, in which the Athenian colonists were exterminated by the native Thracians, may have enabled Alexander I of Macedon to take possession of the mines for himself.


## 3380*

Macedon, Sermylia, (490-480 B.C.), silver tetrobol, (2.422 grams), obv. naked horseman galloping to right, with spear, dotted border, rev. quadripartite incuse square, (cf.S. 1287 [tetradrachm], SNG ANS 725 [same dies] = Rhousopoulos Sale Hirsch 13, May 151905 [lot 1003], BMC 15 [p.138]). Very fine, and very rare.


3381*
Macedon, Kingdom of Philip II, (359-336 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (13.952 grams), Amphipolis mint, issued c. 342-328 B.C., obv. head of Zeus laureate to right, rev. naked youth or small man (Philip II), on horseback to right, stern of galley in field on right, above ФІАІП ПОҮ. (cf.S.6680, Le Rider 350, Pl.37, [same obverse die]). In high relief, round attractive pale grey tone, good very fine and rare.
\$1,200

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 53 (lot 2068).

## 3382

Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (14.308 grams), Amphipolis mint, issued 315294 B..C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin with dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, to left $\Lambda$ over torch, $M$ over star under throne, to right A $\triangle E$ AN $\triangle$ POY, (cf.S.6713, Price 481, BMC 481, M.-, SNG Munich 327-8). Fine, corroded, scarce.


3383*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.704 grams), Temnos mint, issued 188-170 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, $\Pi А$ monogram E and oenochoe to right beneath vine-tendril, to right [A] 1 E $\mathrm{EAN} \Delta$ [POY], (cf.S.6713, Price 1676, BMC 1676a-b, M.956, Propontis Hoard 49). Off centred obverse, good very fine and scarce.


3384*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (17.018 grams), Tarsus mint, issued 333-327 B..C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin with dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, B under throne, to right $\mathrm{A} \triangle E \Xi \mathrm{AN} \triangle \mathrm{PO}[\mathrm{Y}]$, (cf.S.6713, Price 3000, BMC 3000a-f, M.1289). Off centred on the obverse, otherwise extremely fine and scarce.

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 53 (lot 2075)


3385*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (17.044 grams), Babylon mint, issued 311-305 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin with dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, to left MI, MTP within wreath below throne, $[\mathrm{B}] \mathrm{A} \Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda[\mathrm{E} \Omega \Sigma]$ in exergue, $\mathrm{A} \wedge \mathrm{E} \Xi \mathrm{AN} \triangle \mathrm{PO}[\mathrm{Y}]$ to right, (cf.S.6713, Price 3751, BMC 3751a-b, M.735, Armenak Hoard 138-139). Good very fine.


3386*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 17.136 grams), Memphis mint, issued c.323316 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, thunderbolt to left, $A \wedge E \Xi A N \triangle P O[Y]$ to right, $\Delta \mathrm{I}$ under throne, dotted border, (cf.S.6713, Price 3977, BMC 3977, M.-, Zervos "Ptolemy" IX]). Nearly extremely fine, rare.

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\$ 1,300
$$

An important Egyptian issue of Alexander the Great. In December 332, the Macedonian army and navy reached Pelusium (modern Port Said). Here, Alexander was met by the Persian satrap Mazaces and an official named Amminapes, who surrendered the country. Mazaces may have wanted to behave a more heroically. However his troops had been destroyed in the battle near Issus- and knew that in the event of war, he would have to face both the invader and the native population, which had revolted very recently (in 338-336). Amminapes may have had an agenda of his own for he had lived in Macedonia and knew the conqueror. He was to be rewarded two years later. The future government of Egypt was to be divided among several persons. An Egyptian and an Iranian, Petesis and Doloaspis, were to lead the civil administration. At least eight military commanders had to serve under two Macedonian officers named Balacrus and Peucestas. A third officer was appointed as admiral, Polemon. Alexander left a garrison at Pelusium, ordered his navy to occupy the Egyptian capital Memphis and led his army to Heliopolis (north of modern Cairo). This was one of the most important places in Egypt's religious life: here was the temple of Ra, the sun god who protected the pharaoh. It was perhaps in this city that Alexander accepted the titles of the Egyptian ruler. From now on, the priests wrote about him as the Horus, the protector of Egypt; king of Upper and Lower Egypt; beloved by Amun; the chosen one of Ra ; the son of Ra , Alexander. There is no reliable evidence for a coronation ceremony. The new pharaoh continued to Memphis, where he sacrificed to the Apis, a manifestation of the Egyptian god Ptah. Although our sources do not mention it, we can be confident that he paid a visit to the pyramids at Giza. Everywhere the Macedonians were greeted as liberators. The Persians had occupied Egypt from 525 to 404 and had reconquered their former possession in 343, only eleven years before. The Egyptians still remembered their former freedom, an idea that Alexander knew how to use for his own benefit.


3387*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver drachm, (4.260 grams), Abydus mint, issued c.323-317 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin with dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, $\Xi \Omega$ over forepart of Pegasus to left, to right A 1 EEAN $\triangle$ POY. (cf.S.6730, Price 1506, BMC 1506a-b, M.609, SNG Cop.890). Nearly extremely fine, scarce.


3388*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver drachm, (4.212 grams), Abydus mint, issued c.310-301 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, monogram to left, to right [A] $\Lambda$ E $\Xi$ AN $\triangle$ POY, caduceus under throne, (cf.S.6730, Price 1540, BMC -, M.13). Cut across reverse, toned, otherwise good very fine/nearly very fine.
\$200


## 3389*

Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver drachm, (4.110 grams), Colophon mint, issued c.323-319 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, caduceus over $\mathrm{H} \Lambda$ monogram to left, to right $[A] \Lambda E \Xi A N \triangle P O Y$, spear head in right field, (cf.S.6730, Price 1757, BMC 1757, M.-). Nearly very fine.
\$150


3390*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver drachm, (4.310 grams), Colophon mint, issued c.323-319 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin with dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, lyre to left, to right AAEEANAPOY. (cf. S.6730, Price 1768, BMC 1768a-c, M.240, SNG Cop.874). Good very fine, scarce.


3391*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver drachm, ( 4.174 grams), probably Magnesia mint, issued c.319-305 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, monogram to left and under throne, to right [A] $\triangle E \Xi A N \Delta P O[Y], ~(c f . S .6730, ~ c f . P r i c e ~ 1970, ~ B M C ~-, ~, ~$ M.-). Toned, good very fine and a monogram pair apparently unlisted by Price.


3392*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver drachm, (4.262 grams), Miletus mint, issued c.325323 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin with dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, thunderbolt to left, under throne $\mathrm{H} \Delta$ monogram, to right A 1 EEAN $\triangle$ POY. (cf.S.6730, Price 2088, BMC 2088a-h, M.-, SNG Fitz.2227, Thompson NS 16 3253 [27 examples recorded]). Slightly off centred obverse, extremely fine and scarce.

## 3393

Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver drachms (4), various mints, obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin with dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, to right mostly with parts of A $\triangle E \Xi A N \triangle P O Y$. (S.6730). Fine. (4)


## 3394*

Macedon, Kingdom of, Alexander III, (336-323 B.C.), silver obol, ( 0.686 grams), Ecbatana mint, issued c.295280 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, dotted border, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, $M$ to left, A $A E \Xi A N \Delta P O Y$ to right, trace of O under throne, dotted border, (cf.S.6736, cf.Price 3954 [hemidrachm], BMC -, M.-). Porous flan, otherwise very fine, extremely rare and apparently unpublished.


3395*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Philip III, (323-316 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.954 grams), Uncertain Eastern mint, issued c.323-305 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, rev. Zeus seated on throne to left, eagle in outstretched hand, ANT monogram to left, to right ФІКІППОҮ, below $[B A] \Sigma I \Lambda E[\Omega \Sigma]$, all within dotted border, (cf.S.6749, Price P225, BMC P225, M.-, Meydancikkale 2065). Very fine.

3396*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Demetrios Poliorcetes, (294-288 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 17.202 grams), Amphipolis mint, issued 294-293 B..C., obv. Nike blowing trumpet and holding mast to left on prow, rev. Poseidon striding to left brandishing trident and holding chlamys on outstretched left arm, trident in left field, I and monogram of ME to right in field, below BA $\Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda \mathrm{E} \Omega \Sigma$, to right $\triangle$ HMHTMIOY, (cf.S.6762, Newell 94, [Pl.VIII, 16]). Superb, with original mint bloom, extremely fine or better and rare.

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\$ 3,000
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Ex Classical Numismatic Group, with their ticket (\$2500US).
Otto Morkholm states in Early Hellenistic Coinage that this obverse type "has been connected with one of the greatest works of art in Antiquity, the Nike of Samothrace in the Louvre, but the general opinion is now that the statue is somewhat later in date and there is no direct connection between them. This, of course, does not exclude the possibility of the coin type having served as a model or inspiration for the statue".


3397*
Macedon, Kingdom of, Antigonos Doson, (229-221 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 17.200 grams), probably struck at Amphipolis mint, 227-225 B.C., obv. head of Poseidon to right, dotted border, rev. nude Apollo holding bow, seated left on prow, below BALIAE $\Sigma \Sigma$ and ANTIГONOY, monogram below, (S.6789, SNG Ash 3263-6, SNG Berry 386, SNG Alpha Bank 1046, ACNAC Dewing 1206-7, Boston 7145). Well centred on obverse and reverse, minor scrape on cheek, light tone, unusually well struck for this series, good extremely fine and rare in this condition.

Ex Gemini I Auction Sale, New York, January 11-12, 2005 (lot 94).
A cousin of Demetrios II, Antigonos surnamed Doson, undertook the government of the country, initially as regent, and later, in recognition of his successes, as king. Doson did in fact repulse the barbarians, restore Macedonian suzerainty in Thessaly and Macedonian influence in central Greece, and placed a large part of Caria in Asia Minor under Macedonian control. His greatest success however consisted in obliging the Achaians to enter into an alliance with him, surrender Acrocorinth, and collaborate with him in organizing a Symmachy (alliance), in which participated the Epirotes, Phokians, Boiotians, Akarnanians, Thessalians, Achaians and Macedonians ( 224 BC ). In 222 BC at the battle of Sellasia, as 'hegemon' (leader) of the Symmachy, Antigonos defeated the reformist Spartan king Kleomenes III, thus securing the ascendancy of the Macedonian kingdom over southern Greece. He died in 221 BC , leaving the Macedonian throne to the seventeen-year-old Philip V, who had to confront the invasions of the Illyrians.


3398*
Macedon, Kingdom of Philip V, (221-179 B.C.), AE 22, ( 7.714 grams), issued 186-183/2 B.C., obv. head of beardless Herakles to right in lion skin, rev. two goats to right, above B A, below $\Phi$, crescent and corn ear to right, (cf.S.6808, SNG Greece II 1090, cf.SNG Cop. 12148ff). Black toned, extremely finelgood very fine and rare variety.


## 3399*

Macedon, Amphipolis, (158-149 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 16.894 grams), obv. Macedonian shield, at centre of which is a bust of Artemis Tauropolos to right with bow and quiver at her shoulder, rev. MAKE $\triangle O N \Omega N \Pi P \Omega T H \Sigma$ in two lines, club between legend, monogram AYP above, all within oak wreath, to left of which a thunderbolt, (S.1386, BMC 1 [p.7], SNG Manchester 748, Hunter 1, McClean 3706, SNG Cop. 1310-1, SNG Ash. 3290-2). Slightly off centred on the obverse, otherwise nearly extremely finelextremely fine and rare in this condition.


3400*
Macedon, Amphipolis, (158-149 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 17.120 grams), obv. Macedonian shield, at centre of which is a bust of Artemis Tauropolos to right with bow and quiver at her shoulder, rev. MAKE $\triangle O N \Omega N$ ПP $\Omega$ TH $\Sigma$ in two lines, club between monogram HP above and N below, all within oak wreath, to left of which a thunderbolt, (S.1386, BMC 4 [p.7], AMNG 167 [p.56], SNG Ash. 3300). Good very finelvery fine and a scarce set of monograms.

Gaebler in AMNG knew of 22 examples with this set of monograms.


3401*
Thrace, Anchialos, Caracalla, (A.D. 198-217), AE 26, ( 8.895 grams), obv. Caracalla laureate bust draped and cuirassed to right, around legend AV K M AV ANTתNINOC, rev. Homonia wearing kalathos, holding a patera and cornucopiae, around OYАПIAN $\Omega$ N АГXIA AMNG 523 [P.248]). Dark brown patina, very fine and rare.


3402*
Thrace, Byzantion, (416-357 B.C.), silver siglos or drachm (Persian standard), ( 5.29 grams), obv. cow standing to left on dolphin, ПҮ, above, foreleg raised, rev. quadripartite incuse square of "mill-sail" pattern, the surfaces granulated, (S.1579, BMC 1-8, SNG Cop. 476, SNG BMC Black Sea 21ff.). Granular porous surface, but attractive, good very fine and very scarce.
\$500
Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 58 (lot 3482).
A similar example in our Sale 72 realised $\$ 850$. The scarce drachms of this weight was issued at a weight standard to correspond to coincide with that of the Persian siglos. This is in contrast to the next issue of drachms, where a large weight reduction took place to correspond to the Philip II standard of 15.3 grams for a tetradrachm, (Philip besieged the city in 340-339 B.C). Other authors believe the issue was later and not contemporary with the control by Philip II of Macedon.


## 3403*

Thrace, Maroneia, (411-397 B.C.), silver stater, (12.802 grams), obv. horse prancing to left with loose rein, rev. grape vine with four bunches of grapes around MHT РОФ ANH $\Sigma$ astragalos, (S.1631, Schonert-Geiss 165 [p.137, different dies]. Lightly toned, good very fine and very rare.
\$1,100


## 3404*

Thrace, Maroneia, (late 2nd century B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.500 grams), obv. head of young Dionysos to right, wreathed with ivy, rev. Dionysos naked standing left, holding grapes and two narthex wands, monograms to left and right, around $\triangle \mathrm{IONY} \Sigma \mathrm{OY} \Sigma \Omega \mathrm{THPO} \Sigma \mathrm{MA}[\mathrm{P} \Omega] \mathrm{NIT} \Omega[\mathrm{N}]$, (S.1635, Schonert-Geiss 1251-4 (obv. 74, rev.-). Extremely fine, weak in places, rare.
\$500


3405*
Thrace, Olbia, (5th century B.C.), AE dolphin 30x8, (2.52 grams), obv. dolphin, rev. dolphin, (S.1684, SNG BMC 368, BMC 19). Dark green patina, very fine and scarce.

## 3406

Thrace, Olbia, (5th century B.C.), AE dolphin 20-29mmx68 mm , obv. dolphin, rev. dolphin, (S.1684, SNG BMC 368, BMC 19). Dark green patina, very good - good fine and scarce. (7)


3407*
Thrace, Tomis, Gordian III and Tranquillina, (A.D. 238244), AE 25, (10.995 grams), obv. Gordian III laureate draped and cuirassed bust to right facing Tranquillina draped bust to left, around AVT K M ANT ГОРДIANOC АVГ CE, TPANKV $/ \Lambda E I N A$ in exergue, rev. Zeus to left, wearing himation, holding sceptre and patera, eagle at feet, around MНТРОПONTOV TOME $\Omega$ C, $\Delta /$ C upper left but removed, (S.3796, cf.BMC 59, Pick 3509 [p.888]). Dark green patina, weak in places, very fine/nearly extremely fine and rare.

Pick and Regling knew of only five examples of this type.


## 3408*

Thrace, Island off Thrace, Thasos, (c.early 5th century B.C.), silver stater, ( 8.148 grams), obv. naked ithyphallic Satyr (classical style) in kneeling running attitude carrying off nymph raising facing hand in protest, rev. quadripartite incuse square, (S. 1746 [ $£ 425$ ], Asyut Hoard -, BMC 24, SNG Cop. 1010). Nearly very fine with good facial, clear phallus and hand detail, very scarce.
$\$ 800$
Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 70 (lot 3176 illustrated, realised $\$ 780+15 \%$ ) and Gerhard Hirsch, Germany, Sale 218, November 28, 2001 (lot 144, illustrated).

## 3409

Thrace, Tauric Chersonese, Panticapaeum, (late 4th - early 3rd century B.C.), AE 13, (1.925 grams), obv. Bearded Pan head to left, wearing ivy wreath, rev. bow and arrow, below ПАN, (S.--, SNG Stancomb 562-563 [Pl.XXV], SNG BMC 901-905 [Pl.XXXIV], SNG Cop.46-47 [Pl.1]). Good fine, dirty and scarce.


Lot 3410

3410*
Thrace, Kingdom of, Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 17.120 grams), Lampsacus mint, issued 297/6-282/1 B.C., obv. head of Alexander to right, with diadem and horn of Ammon, within dotted circle, rev. Athena enthroned to left, supporting Nike, spear behind, $\Delta / \Xi$ monogram to left, crescent in exergue, to right BA $\Sigma I \Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$, to left $\Lambda$ Y$\Sigma$ IMAXOY, (cf.S.6814, Thompson 49, Armenak 715-754 [ANS MN 31 [p.78-9, Plate 18], SNG Cop. 1097, Meydancikkale 2612-3 [Pl.76]). Dark grey tone with nearly full flan, good very fine and scarce.
\$1,200


3411*
Thrace, Kingdom of, Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (17.038 grams), Lampsacus mint, issued c.297/6-282/1 B.C., obv. head of Alexander to right, (eye looking upwards), with diadem and horn of Ammon, within dotted border, rev. Athena enthroned to left, supporting Nike, shield at side with Medusa head in centre, $\Delta / \Xi$ monogram in inner left field, crescent upwards in exergue, to right BALI $\Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$ and to left $\Lambda Y \Sigma I M A X O Y$, (cf.S.6814, Thompson 49, M.399, cf.SNG Cop. 1097, cf.McClean 4488, cf.SNG Lockett 1249). High relief, grey tone, of fine style, very fine and very scarce.
\$1,000


3412*
Thrace, Kingdom of, Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.972 grams), Amphipolis mint, issued 288/7282/1 B.C., obv. head of Alexander to right, with diadem and horn of Ammon, within dotted circle, rev. Athena enthroned to left, supporting Nike, spear behind, caduceus with handle to left, AI monogram outer right, to right BA $\Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda \mathrm{E} \Omega \Sigma$, to left ^YEIMAXOY, (cf.S.6814, Thompson 198, Armenak 914 [ANS MN 31 [p.86, Plate 24], M.107). Well centred very fine or better and scarce.
\$1,500
3413
Thrace, Kingdom of, Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 16.586 grams), Lampsacus mint, issued before 281 B.C., obv. head of Alexander to right, with diadem and horn of Ammon, within dotted border, rev. Athena enthroned to left, supporting Nike, shield at side with Medusa head in centre, HP monogram in inner left field, crescent in exergue, to right BA $\Sigma I \Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$ to left $\Lambda$ Y $\Sigma$ IMAXOY, (cf.S.6814, M.401, Thompson 47, SNG Ash. 3724, McClean 4492). Bright of fine style, slightly porous surface, otherwise nearly very fine and rare.
$\$ 600$
Ex Recent "Seleucid Hoard".

## 3414

Thrace, Kingdom of Lysimachos, (323-281 B.C.), silver drachm, ( 4.198 grams), Colophon mint, struck 301-297 B.C., obv. head of Herakles to right wearing lion skin, with dotted border, rev. Zeus enthroned to left supporting eagle, lion forepart to left, $\Phi$ below, pentagram below, below BALI $\Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$, to right [ $\Lambda$ ]Y Y IMAXOY, (S.6812, P.L27, BMC L27a-e, Thompson 127, cf.M.L21); Philip III, (323-316 B.C.), silver drachm, ( 4.284 grams), Colophon mint, obv. Herakles head r., with lion skin, rev. Zeus seated to l., eagle in outstretched hand, ПА monogram to left, A under throne, to right ФІЛІППОҮ, (cf.S.6750, Price P47, BMC P47a-b, M.P136). Both with surface oxidation, otherwise fine or better. (2)


3415*
Thrace, Kingdom of, Skostokos. (c.277-260 BC), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.902 grams), struck at Ainos, obv. diademed head of deified Alexander right, with horn of Ammon, rev. BA $\Sigma I \Lambda E \Omega \Sigma \Lambda Y \Sigma I M A X O Y$, Athena Nikephoros seated left, holding Nike in extended right hand, left arm resting on shield, spear behind; herm to inner left, $\Sigma$ KOミTOK[OY] in exergue, (SNG Cop. 1171; SNG Ash. 3779; Youroukova "Coins of the Ancient Thracians" BARS 4, No. 103 (Pl.x)). Toned, very fine or better, ragged edge with light porosity, in high relief and very rare.

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\$ 1,300
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Ex Classical Numismatic Group Sale 67, September 22, 2004 (lot 509); Sotheby's, Zurich Auction Sale, October 27, 1993 (lot 369) and previously in Numismatic Fine Arts Sale XXV, November 29, 1990 (lot 59, illustrated).

Skostokos was a Thracian or Scythian dynast who took control of the city of Ainos (where, according to Morkholm, these coins were struck) during the unsettled period following Lysimachos' death. Youroukova hypothesizes that he perished in the course of the Celtic invasion of 279-278 B.C., suggesting an issue date of about 280 B.C. Other writers and cataloguers suggest a later date of issue as noted above. Skostokos is known to us solely from his coins, which were struck at the Thacian port of Ainos (Enez, southwest Turkey) and at Cabyle (Yambol, Eastern Bulgaria) in the Celtic kingdom of Tylis. Like Cavaros 'the champion' who was the last Celtic king of Tylis, Skostokos or his father may have been one of the thousands of Celtic warriors who migrated eastwards into Thrace and Galatia after their looting raid on Delphi in 279 BC. It is probable that his name may provide a clue to his nationality. It appears to be derived from two Celtic words, succos 'pig' and toccos 'buttock' (Xavier Delamarre, Dictionnairede la langue gauloise, 2nd edition, 2203, pp.285, 304). Piggy personal names - Succus, Sucio, Socco, Succius, Succamo, Successus- were common in Gaul and are indicative of the Celts' intense interest in pigs and their love of pork, as attested by Strabo (IV,4.3). Dr Robert Forrer is firmly of the opinion that Scostocos was of Celtic origin and says: "I myself want to put Skostokos rather more closely in time to the Gallo-Thracian king Cavarus, to compare the two and consider him as a successor to the Gallic kings who came into power in Thrace after the invasion of the Gauls in 280 BC, a successor of those Gauls who invaded Lysimachia in 279, occupied the whole of the Chersonese, created all sorts of small independent Celtic kingdoms in Thrace and disrupted the whole of the south from here for 70 years. I prefer to read the name itself as Skostokos and to link it linguistically with the Gallic name CoiosticosCasticus" (Keltishe Numismatik der Rhein - und Donaulande, ed. Karel Castlin, 1968, Vol.I, p.203).

## 3416

Thrace, Kingdom of, Rhoemetalkes I, (11 B.C.- A.D. 12), AE 18, (3.478 grams), obv. fasces and capricorn, around $\Sigma E B A \Sigma T O Y$, rev. sella curulis and sceptre, around POIMHTA^KOY, (S.-; RPC 1704, SNG Cop. 1196). Dirt attached as a patina, nearly very fine and scarce.


3417*
Thrace, Kingdom of, Rhoemetalces I, (11 B.c. - A.D. 12), AE 22, (10.594 grams), obv. jugate heads of Rhoemetalces with diadem and his queen Pythodoris to right, around
 right, around KAILAPO $\Sigma$ EBA BMC 4-6, SNG Tubingen 972-3). Dark green patina, good very fine, rare.
\$200


3418*
Thrace, Rhoemetalkes I and Augustus, (11 B.C.- A.D. 12), AE 17, (3.480 grams), obv. diademed head of Rhoemetalkes to right, around most of BAटI $\Lambda E Y \Sigma$ POIMHTA $\Lambda$ KOY, rev. bare head to right of Augustus, around trace of KAILAPO इEBALTOY, (cf.S.5395; RPC 1718, BMC 7-9). Dark green patina, nearly very fine and scarce.
\$100


## 3419*

Moesia Inferior, Istros, (400-350 B.C.), silver stater, (5.358 grams), obv. two young male heads facing, side by side, left inverted, right upright, rev. sea-eagle standing to left on dolphin to left, which it attacks with its beak, above IETPIH, АП monogram below dolphin, (cf.S.1669; SNG BMC 2478, Pick 417, SNG Stancomb 147). Nearly extremely fine, rare.

## \$400

3420
Illyria, Epidamnos-Dyrrhachium, (3rd-3nd century B.C.), silver drachm, ( 3.258 grams), obv. cow standing right looking back at calf, above $Ф \mathrm{I} \Lambda \Omega \mathrm{TA} \Sigma$, ivy wreath above, to right tripod, in exergue AI monogram, rev. double floral pattern within square, around $\triangle$ YP K $\wedge$ EI TOPI OY, (cf.S.1899, BMC -, Maier 269, SNG Tubingen -). Off centred reverse, nearly very fine and rare.

3421
Illyria, Epidamnos-Dyrrhachium, (3rd-3nd century B.C.), silver drachm, ( 3.410 grams), obv. cow standing right looking back at calf, above $\Xi E N \Omega N$, eagle to right above, rev. double floral pattern within square, around club to left, $\triangle$ YP ПҮР B[A], (cf.S.1899, BMC 112-3, Maier 351, SNG Tubingen 1458). Off centred, otherwise nearly very fine and rare.

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 71 (lot 4597).

## 3422

Illyria, Epidamnos-Dyrrhachium, (3rd-3nd century B.C.), silver drachm, (2.998 grams), obv. cow standing right looking back at calf, above $\Xi E N \Omega N$, caps of the Dioscuri above, corn ear to left, torch to right, rev. double floral pattern within square, around $\triangle$ YP ФIム АІ А, (cf.S.1899, BMC 126-7, Maier 376, SNG Cop. 493, SNG Tubingen 1465). Off centred reverse, otherwise very fine and scarce.

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 71 (lot 4598).


3423*
Thessaly, Larissa, (400-360 B.C.), silver drachm (6.062 grams), obv. naked youth restraining bull to left with dotted border, rev. horse prancing to right with long rein hanging, $\triangle$ API above $\Sigma$ to right, IA below, within incuse circle. (S.2111, BMC 37, cf.SNG Cop. 112, Hermann IIIF, Pl.III, 3). Off centred, otherwise good very fine and very scarce.

Ex Athena Fund sale, Stacks, New York, December 9, 1993 (lot 327 part) and Noble Numismatics Sale 68 (lot 1847).


3424*
Thessaly, Larissa, (350's-340's B.C.), silver drachm, (6.028 grams), obv, facing head of nymph Larissa three-quarter to left, within dotted border, rev. horse grazing to right, with head turned facing, above $\Lambda$ API $\Sigma$, in exergue $\operatorname{AI} \Omega \mathrm{N}$, with plant below, (cf.S.2120-1, cf.SNG Cop. 121, Hermann Pl.V, 12). Bright, of finest style, off centred obverse and reverse, otherwise nearly extremely fine and scarce.


3425*
Thessaly, Pharkadon, (480-450 B.C.), silver hemidrachm ( 2.852 grams), obv. naked Thessalian youth, restraining forepart of unruly bull to right, within dotted border, rev. forepart of bridled horse prancing to right within incuse square, around Ф A P K A $\Delta$ O, (S. 2182 [£175], BMC 1-2 [Pl.IX, 1], SNG Cop.209). Toned, good fine/very fine and rare.


3426*
Thessaly, Thessalian League, (196-146 B.C.), silver stater or double victoriatus, ( 6.202 grams), Larissa mint, obv. head of Zeus to right, crowned with oak leaves, behind [П]TOЛEMAIOY, rev. Athena Itonia advancing to right, brandishing spear and holding shield, on sides $\Theta E \Sigma \Sigma \mathrm{~A} \Lambda \Omega \mathrm{~N}$, above across API CTO, either side of figure K $\Lambda$ HC , (cf. S.2232, McClean 4832, cf.SNG Cop. 292). Bright, very fine, well centred, and rare.


3427*
Thessaly, Thessalian League, (c.196-mid 1st century B.C.), silver drachm, ( 3.938 grams), Larissa mint, obv. head of Apollo to right, laureate, behind oN monogram, rev. Athena Itonia advancing to right, brandishing spear and holding shield, on sides $\Theta E \Sigma \Sigma A ~ \Lambda \Omega N$, above, between figure A $N / T$ I, (cf.S.2234, McClean 4974 [p.243, Pl.180,15]). Bright, nearly very fine and rare.
\$250


3428*
Acarnania, Leucas (Colony of Corinth), (350-300 B.C.), silver stater, ( 8.322 grams), obv. Pegasos with pointed wing flying to left, $\Lambda$ below, rev. head of Athena to right in Corinthian helmet over a leather cap, with amphora and grapes and A behind head, (S.2281, Calciati 128 [p.426-7], BMC 87-88, SNG Cop.355). Nearly very fine and very scarce.


3429*
Boeotia, Thebes, (378-338 B.C.), silver stater, (12.042 grams), obv. Boeotian shield, rev. amphora with letter ПЕ $\Lambda$ I either side, (cf.S.2398, Hepworth Series B3, No.80, McClean 5608, SNG Cop.348). Very fine, a scarce Magistrate.


3430*
Euboia, Histiaia, (c.350-340 B.C.), silver drachm, (3.418 grams), obv. head of nympth Histiaia wreathed in ivy, rev. cow standing to right, vine with two bunches of grapes, IETI in exergue, AYГ torch to right, (S. 2494 [ $£ 140$ ], BMC 3, Lanz BCD Catalogue No.111, [lot 371, realised 350 Euros +], Traite II, 192 [Pl.CXCVIII, 16]). Very fine and rare.

Ex BCD Collection (with his ticket).


3431*
Euboia, Karystos, (c. 350 B.C.), silver drachm, (3.754 grams), obv. bearded head of Herakles to right, clad in lion skin, rev. cow seated to left, KAPY above, club to right below, (S. 2505 [£400], BMC 8-9, Lanz BCD Catalogue No.111, [lot 556, realised 250 Euros +], SNG Cop.417). Good fine and rare. $\$ 200$

Ex BCD Collection (with his ticket) and previously from the W.P. Wallace Collection.


## 3432*

Attica, Athens, (449-413 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (17.094 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing ivy crested helmet, eye facing, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, in erect posture, olive twig and crescent behind, to right, $\mathrm{A} \Theta[\mathrm{E}]$, all in incuse square, (S.2526, BMC 62, SNG Cop 31, Starr Type Vb). Well centred, extremely fine and one of the finest we have handled.


## 3433*

Attica, Athens, (449-413 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (15.060 grams), issue c. 420 B.C., obv. head of Athena to right wearing ivy crested helmet, eye in profile, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, in erect posture, olive twig and crescent behind, to right, A $\Theta E$, all in incuse square, (S.2526, BMC 62, cf.Starr Pl.XXII). Uneven tone, cut across owl's neck on reverse, otherwise fine.


3434*
Attica, Athens, (449-413 B.C.), silver drachm, (4.124 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing ivy crested helmet, eye in profile, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, in erect posture, olive twig and crescent behind, to right, $A \Theta E$, all in incuse square, (S.2527, BMC 74). Attractive light tone, odd shaped flan, nearly very fine, scarce.


## 3435*

Attica, Athens, (300-262 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (17.180 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing ivy crested helmet, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, olive twig and crescent behind, to right A@E, (S.2547, BMC 138, SNG Cop.63-65). Dumpy flan as usual for this issue, very fine and rare.
\$400


## 3436*

Attica, Athens, (300-262 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (17.106 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing ivy crested helmet, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, olive twig and crescent behind, to right A $\Theta \mathrm{E}$, (cf.S.2547, SNG Cop. 63-65, cf.BMC138).. With incuse cross countermarks on both sides probably of Egyptian origin, otherwise very fine and scarce.
\$250


3437*
Attica, Athens, (166-57 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.806 grams), issued 150-149 B.C., (Thompson date) but probably 118-7 B.C. (revised chronology), obv. head of Athena Parthenos to right wearing triple-crested Athenian helmet, ornamented with Pegasus, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, in erect posture, on prostrate amphora, two torches to right, Z on amphora, legend across $\mathrm{A} \Theta \mathrm{E}$, to left AMN $\Omega$ NI O $\Sigma, \mathrm{KA} \Lambda \Lambda I A \Sigma \Theta E M I \Sigma T O, \Sigma \Phi$ below, all within wreath, (cf.S.2555, Thompson 586e [same dies], Sv.57, 12, obverse die). Slightly off centred obverse, otherwise good very fine and rare.


3438*
Attica, Aegina, (510-500 B.C.), silver stater, (11.414 grams), obv. smoothed shell sea turtle without row of dots down dorsal spine, rev. "Union Jack pattern", (S. 1849 [ $£ 350]$, Asyut Group IIb "probably a thick collar type", cf.432-437, SNG Delepierre 1559). Fine - very fine, worn obverse die.
$\$ 250$
Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 61 (lot 2622).
The Asyut hoard suggests the chronology to be 510-485 B.C. This and the next two lots are a group showing the change in reverse punches in the early 5th century at Aegina. Much has been written on this early coinage since Samuel Millbank wrote his book on "The Coinage of Aegina" in 1924. Since then important publications have attemped to establish the order of issue and the chronolgy of the series, (generally around the description of a relevant hoard). They include W.L. Brown "Pheidons Alleged Aeginetan Coinage" (NC 1950, pp.177-204); R. Ross Holloway, "An Archaic Hoard From Crete and the Early Aeginetan Coinage" in ANS Museum Notes 17 (1971, pp.1-21, as based on his doctoral dissertation [The Elder Turtles of Aegina, 1960, Princeton University]); Price and Waggoner, "Archaic Greek Silver Coinage, The 'Asyut'Hoard", pp.69-76; Carmen Arnold-Biucchi et al., "A Greek Archaic Silver Hoard from Selinus" ANS Museum Notes pp.14-22. The chronology is still under review and new hoards, when published, bring us closer to the truth. Eg. Colin Kraay in ACGC (p.43-4) places the small skew reverse coinage (Asyut Group VII) to around 500 B.C. in contrast to our dating of 490-475 B.C. The reference to SNG Delepierre is relevant as that publication illustrates 298 staters from Aegina, known as the Megalopolis Hoard 1966 and now in the Paris cabinet. It was buried about 431 B.C.


3439*
Attica, Aegina, (500-480 B.C.), silver stater, (12.014 grams), obv. smoothed shell sea turtle without row of dots down dorsal spine, rev. "Incuse five sunken segments", [intentionally cut into the die], (S. 1851 [ $£ 300]$, Asyut Group IIIa "thin collar", cf.438-465, SNG Delepierre 1629). Well centred, otherwise fine - very fine, worn obverse die.

Asyut hoard suggests the chronology to be 500/490-480 B.C.

## 3440

Attica, Aegina, (510-500 B.C.), silver stater, (12.108 grams), obv. smoothed shell sea turtle without row of dots down dorsal spine, countermarked with uncertain symbol, rev. "Rough incuse developed early Union Jack pattern", (S. 1849 [o350], Asyut Group IIa-b "thin collar type", cf.425-437, BMC 3 [p.11]); Central Greece, Phocis, silver triobol, (c.457-446 B.C.), (3.002 grams), Period IV, obv. bull's head facing, rev. archaic head of Artemis to right in incuse square, [Ф]OK[I] around, (S.2348, BMC 26, Williams 255). Both with off centred reverses, otherwise fine. (2)

## 3441*

Attica, Aegina, (404-340 B.C.), silver stater, (12.030 grams), obv. land tortoise with segmented shell, rev. formalised incuse square of large design with the two principal lines of division crossing at right angles and a diagonal in larger square, (S.2606, BMC 165, Weber 3625, ANS NN\&M 24, Milbank Pl.II, 15). Toned, full flan, overstruck on earlier sea-turtle issue, very fine and a very rare overstrike.


3442*
Corinthia, Corinth, (345-307 B.C.), silver stater, (8.056 grams), obv. Pegasos flying to left, Q below, rev. head of Athena to left, wearing Corinthian helmet, below $\Delta$ to left, I to right, Athena helmeted behind Athena holding Nike to left, (cf.S.2631, Calciati 458, Ravel 1082, SNG Fitz 3398, SNG Cop. 96, BMC 309-310). Slightly off centred on the reverse, otherwise very fine/nearly extremely fine and scarce in this condition.


3443*
Corinthia, Corinth, Augustus, (31 B.C. - A.D. 14), AE As, issued 2-1 B.C., issued by C. Servilius and M. Antoninius Hipparchus, ( 5.914 grams), obv. bare head of Augustus to right, CAE[SAR] downwards to left, COR[INT] downwards to right, rev. heads of Gaius and Lucius Caesar facing each other around traces of C SERVILIO C F PRIMO M ANTONIO HIPPARCHO IIVIR, C L between. (S. 166 [ $£ 75$ ], BMC 505, SNG Cop. 204, Amandry Group XIb, obv. 5, rev. 15, Lanz BCD Sale 105, lot 339). Portraits fine, weak legends, very rare.

Ex BCD Collection [from duplicates] and purchased from Coin Galleries Mail Bid Auction sale July 22, 1992 (lot 474), lot includes tickets and photographs.

This example comes from one of only two known from this set of dies. Amandry records 66 examples from all dies of this type in his standard reference Michael Amandry "Le Monnayage des Duovirs Corinthiens", Paris 1988, most of which are in public collections.


## 3444*

Corinthia, Corinth, Augustus, (31 B.C. - A.D. 14), AE As, issued A.D. 1-2, issued by P. Aebutius Sp. f., and C. Iulius Herac(lanus), ( 7.640 grams), obv. bare head of Augustus to right, traces of AVGVSTVS upwards to right, [CORINT] downwards to right, rev. P AEBVT SP F/C IVLIO/ HERAC /II VIR QVIN/ ITER, (S.38, BMC 492 [same dies], SNG Cop. 209, Amandry Group XIIc, obv. 3, rev. cI (This Coin), Lanz BCD Sale 105, lot 343). Portraits fine, weak legends, very rare.

Ex BCD Collection [from duplicates] and purchased from Spink \& Son, London, by (M.A.), November 1977 (£26).

Lot includes Spink and other tickets and photographs. This example including this piece comes from one of only four known from this set of dies. Amandry records 48 examples from all dies of this type in his standard reference Michael Amandry "Le Monnayage des Duovirs Corinthiens", Paris 1988, most of which are in public collections.


## 3445*

Peloponnesos, Sicyon, (431-400 B.C.), silver stater, (11.970 grams), obv. Chimaera walking to left, $\Sigma$ E below, wreath above, rev. dove flying to left, I before, all within wreath, (cf.S.2763, BMC 56 (p.40),cf.SNG Cop.48, SNG Delepierre 1944). Toned, good very fine and rare.
\$2,500


## 3446*

Peloponnesos, Achaean League, Tegea mint, (c.160-150 B.C.), silver hemidrachm, (2.210 grams), obv. Zeus head right, rev. monogram of AX letters T E across, wreath around, (S.3003, Clerk 223, BMC 127-8). Off centred obverse, otherwise good very fine, scarce.

Ex Diakofto Hoard ICGH 262.

## 3447

Bosporus, Gorgippia, (1st century B.C., SNG Stancomb suggests 100-70 B.C.), AE 20, (4.74 grams), obv. Apollo laureate head to right, rev. Thyrsus leaning on tripod, across in two rows $Г О Р ~ Г І П / П Е ~ \Omega N, ~ m o n o g r a m ~ M E ~ t o ~ l e f t, ~(S .-, ~, ~$ cf.SNG Cop.1, SNG Stancomb 620); Thrace, Mesembria, (400-350 B.C.), AE 18, ( 2.48 grams), obv. crested helmet facing, rev. MEEA in four quarters of a radiate wheel, (S.1675; SNG BMC 272-273, BMC 5-7). Dark green patina, some surface roughness, otherwise nearly very fine - very fine, first very rare. (2)


3451*
Mysia, Pergamon, (c.123-104 B.C.), silver cistophoric tetradrachm, ( 12.66 grams), obv. cista mystica containing serpent, all within ivy wreath, rev. bow in case between two coiled serpents, to left monogram of ПЕР, above BO, to right serpent entwined thyrsus, (cf.S.3948, Kleiner [ANSMN 23], Type 10, example in Berlin, Pinder 94, SNG von Aulock 7467). Extremely fine and rare.


3452*
Mysia, Pergamon, (c.92-85 B.C.), silver cistophoric tetradrachm, ( 12.66 grams), obv. cista mystica containing serpent, all within ivy wreath, rev. bow in case between two coiled serpents, to left monogram of ПЕР, above A $\Sigma / \Pi \mathrm{PY}$, to right serpent entwined thyrsus, (cf.S.3948, Kleiner [ANSMN 23], Type 29, example in ANS Collection, Pinder -, SNG von Aulock -). Extremely fine and very rare.


## 3453*

Mysia, Cyzicus, Imperial times under Gallienus, (A.D. 253268), AE 24, (8.436 grams), obv. laureate bust of Gallienus to right, around [AVT КП] $І$ IK ГА $К \Lambda$ IHNOC, rev. Artemis to right drawing arrow to place into bow, around KYZIK N $\Omega$ N NEOK, (S.--, SNG France (Mysia) 867 [same obverse die, similar reverse], BMC -, cf.SNG Cop. 136 [similar reverse die], SNG Von Aulock -). Off centred both sides, otherwise extremely fine and very rare, type apparently unpublished.

3454*
Mysia, Cyzicus, Imperial times under Gallienus, (A.D. 253268), AE 22, (8.940 grams), obv. laureate bust of Gallienus to left, right hand raised, around АVТ КПАIК ГАААIHNOC CEB, rev. Demeter standing to left, holding corn ears and sceptre, around ACKАНПIААОY KYZIKNএN, (S.-, cf.SNG France 5, 886; BMC -, cf.SNG Cop. 133 [same obverse die] and 138, SNG Von Aulock -). Extremely fine and very rare, type apparently unpublished.


3455*
Mysia, Cyzicus, Imperial times period under Gallienus, (A.D. 253-268), AE 25, (9.582 grams), obv. laureate bust of Cyzicus hero to right, around KYZIKOC, rev. Demeter to right holding corn ears and sceptre, around CTPA АСК $Н \Pi I$ A $\triangle$ OY KYZIK N $\Omega$ N, (S.-, SNG France (Mysia) -, BMC -, cf.SNG Cop. 98 [similar obverse die], SNG Von Aulock -). Extremely fine and very rare, type apparently unpublished.


3456*
Mysia, Cyzicus, Imperial times under Gallienus, (A.D. 253268 ), AE 27, ( 11.002 grams), obv. laureate bust of Gallienus to right, around AVT КПКIК ГАК IIHNO CEB, rev. male nude standing to left, holding patera and sceptre with tainia, sacrificing at altar, around CTP AVP C $\Omega$ CTA KYZIKHN $\Omega N$, NEOKO in inner area, (S.-, cf.SNG France 5, -; BMC -, SNG Cop. -, SNG Von Aulock -). Nearly extremely fine and very rare, type apparently unpublished.


3457*
Ionia, Ephesus, (c.415-394 B.C.), silver drachm, (3.126 grams), obv. bee with straight wings, around $\mathrm{E} \Phi$ across, dotted border, rev. crude quadripartite incuse square, (S. 4366 [ $£ 225]$, BMC 17, SNG Turkey 142-3). Slightly off centred and minor surface pitting, otherwise nearly very fine/very fine and rare.


## 3458*

Ionia, Ephesus, (c. 90-89 B.C.), silver cistophoric tetradrachm, ( 12.69 grams), year $45=90-89$ B.C., obv. cista mystica containing serpent, all within ivy wreath, rev. bow in case between two coiled serpents, to left ME over monogram ЕФЕ, to right torch, serpent staff above, (cf.S.4745, Kleiner 46 [ANS MN 18, Series 10, [p.26], Pinder 36, SNG Cop. 326, SNG von Aulock -). Extremely fine and very scarce.

De Callatay in his recent book "L'Historie les Guerres Mithradatiques un par le Monnaies, (p.161), records only 11 examples of this date.


3459*
Ionia, Ephesus, Severus Alexander, (A.D. 222-235), AE 22 , ( 5.86 grams), obv. laureate draped and cuirassed bust to right of Severus Alexander around AVT KAI AVT CEB A $\Lambda E \Xi A N \triangle P O C$, rev. Artemis to right with bow and drawing arrow from quiver, around EФECI $2 \mathrm{~N} \triangle \mathrm{NE} \Omega \mathrm{KOP} \Omega \mathrm{N}$, (cf. S.3306, cf.SNG Cop. 457, SNG Hunter 1718 [for reverse]). Nearly very finelvery fine and rare.

Ex Professor Thomas Ollive Mabbott Collection, sold Hans M.F. Schulman Gallery Auction June 6-11, 1969 (lot 1508) bought by Spink \& Son, London with their ticket.


## 3460*

Ionia, Magnesia ad Maeandrum, (c.mid 4th century B.C.), silver diobol, ( 1.442 grams), obv. armed horseman prancing to right, with spear, rev. humped bull butting to left, MANГ above, Maeander pattern below, (cf.S.4480, SNG Cop. 809). Good fine.

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 67 (lot 1709).


## 3461*

Ionia, Miletus, (c.2nd century B.C.), silver tetrobol, (2.475 grams), obv. laureate head of Apollo to right, rev. lion standing to right, looking back, BI $\Omega$ N in exergue, star above, MI / ПА monograms in left field, (cf.S.4513, cf.SNG Von Aulock 2100). Dark tone, very fine/good very fine, scarce.

3462
Ionia, Miletus, (c.530-510 B.C.), silver forty eighth stater, ( 0.316 grams), obv. forepart of lion and legs to left, rev. star ornamented within incuse square, (cf.S.3531, cf.Weber 6039); another Miletus, (c.530-510 B.C.), silver twelth stater or obol, ( 1.142 grams), obv. forepart of lion and legs to right, rev. star ornament within incuse square, (S.3532, BMC 14). Second good very fine/nearly extremely fine. first fine, this a new denomination for this type and apparently unpublished. (2)

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 66 (lots 3354 and 3358)


3463*
Lydia, Tralles, (c.155-145 B.C.), silver cistophoric tetradrachm, ( 12.324 grams), obv. cista mystica containing serpent, all within ivy wreath, rev. bow in case between two coiled serpents, to left [T]PA, to right a filleted tripod, (cf.S.4745, Kleiner and Noe Series 23, same dies as No.51, BMC 13 (same obverse die), Hunter 2 (same obverse die), SNG von Aulock 3252 [same obverse die]). Nearly very fine and scarce.

A rare symbol known from seven other coins published by Kleiner \& Noe.


## 3464*

Lydia, Tralles, (c.100-90 B.C.), silver cistophoric tetradrachm, ( 12.460 grams), obv. cista mystica containing serpent, all within ivy wreath, rev. bow in case between two coiled serpents, to left TPA $\Lambda$, to right a lyre, (cf.S. 4745 , SNG von Aulock 3259, SNG Cop. 657, BMC -). Good extremely fine, slightly off centred otherwise as struck and very scarce.
$\$ 400$
A rare symbol. An example in CNG Triton VI Sale (lot 399) realised US \$230 and another from the same group listed in Harlan J. Berk Sale 142 (March 15,2005 , lot 111 ) at US $\$ 650$.


3465*
Caria, Caunos (Kaunos), Uncertain ruler, (c.490-470 B.C.), silver stater, ( 11.544 grams), obv. Iris with curved wings and outstretched hands in kneeling-running position to right, rev. rough triangular shape on crude incuse square, (S.--, Koray Konuk "The Early Coinage of Kaunos" in Essays Price, No.5, [dies of obv. 5, rev.3, 1 known, Pl.47, 5, Hyla Troxell "Winged Carians" in Essays Thompson, No. 4 [same dies]). Dumpy flan, nearly very fine or better and very rare.

The attribution of these anonymous archaic coins has been given to Caunos by Konuk in a detailed argument on the reading of Carian script on later issues of similar type to this archaic issue.


## 3466*

Caria, Hecatomnos as Satrap, (395-377 B.C.), silver drachm, ( 4.15 grams), obv. lion head to left, foreleg below, rev. ornamental star within incuse circle, (S.4951, BMC 3741, SNG Cop. 588-9). Off centred on the obverse, nearly extremely fine, rare.

Ex Spink \& Son, London and Noble Numismatics Sale 67 (lot 1718).


## 3467*

Phrygia, Apameia, (88-76 B.C.), silver cistophoric tetradrachm, ( 12.45 grams), obv. cista mystica containing serpent, all within ivy wreath, rev. bow in case between two coiled serpents, to left [А]ПА, above MYİ/KOY, to right two flutes, (S.5113, BMC 15, Kleiner (Essays Thompson) Series XI, obverse die 19, SNG Cop. 164, SNG von Aulock 8337). Dark patina, worn obverse die, otherwise fine/very fine and rare.

Ex Glendining's, London, December 8, 1981 (lot 64 part).


Lot 3468

3468*
Phrygia, Laodikeia, (c.100-90 B.C.), silver cistophoric tetradrachm, (12.252 grams), obv. cista mystica containing serpent, all within ivy wreath, rev. bow in case between two coiled serpents, to left $\Lambda A O$, to right a caduceus with fillet, EYHNOL/HPת $\triangle$ OY above, (cf.S.5147, SNG von Aulock -, SNG Cop. 491, BMC -). Good very fine and rare.

Ex Classical Numismatic Group Auction Sale XXVII, September 29, 1993 (lot 643 illustrated).

A rare group of magistrates from a scarce mint for cistophori.


## 3469*

Phrygia, Laodikeia, (c.100-90 B.C.), silver cistophoric tetradrachm, (12.14 grams), obv. cista mystica containing serpent, all within ivy wreath, rev. bow in case between two coiled serpents, to left $\Lambda A O$, to right a caduceus with fillet, monogram of ANTI above, (cf.S.5147, SNG von Aulock -, SNG Cop. -, BMC 13 [variant monogram]). Good very fine and unpublished except for the few examples listed all coming from the one hoard.

Ex Garth R. Drewry Collection, CNG Triton VIII Sale (lot 1883 part) and previously from CNG Auction Sale XXVII, September 29, 1993 (lot 638, illustrated).

A extremely rare symbol from a scarce mint of cistophori. A similar example in a CNG Sale Triton VI (January 14, 2003 lot 425) of the same type and symbols sold for US $\$ 525+15 \%$.


3470*
Lycia, Dynast of Lycia, an uncertain ruler but attributed to Khinakha, (c.500-460 B.C.), silver stater, (9.868 grams), Xanthos mint?, obv. Pegasos to right on round shield, Lycian " $k h$ " below, rev. triskeles monogram within dotted incuse circle with dot and Lycian monogram, (S.-, cf.SNG Von Aulock 4090 [same obverse die], cf.ACNAC Rosen 719 [attributes it to Khinakha based on an obverse letter " $K h$ " or "Khin"], Traite Pl.XCV No.5, cf.SNG Berry 1172 [same obverse die], Giessener Munzhandlung Sale 90, lot 405 [same dies]). Very fine/good very fine and rare.

Xanthus has been suggested as the likely mint for this and related issues (See G.K. Jenkins, "Recent acquisitions of Greek Coins by the British Museum", NC 1959, p.33). However this may be questioned, since this stater and all the related pieces in the SNG Berry, ACNAC Rosen and SNG Von Aulock all fall clearly into the heavy weight classification. Thus Morkholm has in "The Classification of Lycian coins before Alexander the Great" (JNG 1964, pp $65 \mathrm{ff})$, assembled evidence indicating that Xanthus was the home of the light standard and the heavy standard circulated in Central Lycia. That standard cannot be identified with any in use outside Lycia. The letter on the obverse represents a " $k b$ ", the initial letter of the dynast's name. The triskeles on the reverse is a solar symbol and a distinctive Lycian emblem connected with the national deity, Apollo.


3471*
Pamphylia, Aspendos, (370-330 B.C.), silver stater, (10.532 grams), obv. two naked athletes as wrestlers grasping each other by the hands, $\Phi \mathrm{K}$ between, rev. slinger advancing to right about to discharge his sling, triskeles before, behind EГTФE $\triangle I I Y \Sigma$, all within square dotted square, (S.5390, SNG von Aulock 4562 [Pl.148], SNG France 3, 94; BMC -). Very fine and rare.


## 3472*

Pamphylia, Side, (375-333 B.C.), silver stater, (10.342 grams), obv. Athena standing to left holding wreath bearing Nike in right hand and spear and shield and left hand, pomegranate before, rev. naked Apollo standing to the left wearing skirt, pouring libation from patera on to lighted altar, raven standing behind, holding long laurel branch, Pamphylian legend behind, (S.5436 [£350]; SNG France 3, 644 (Pl.33), BMC 17 [p.146, Pl.XXVI, 9]). Minor surface porosity, toned, otherwise good very fine and very rare.
$\$ 500$
With collector ticket


3473*
Pamphylia, Side, (c. 200 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (15.302 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing Corinthian helmet, rev. Nike advancing to the left, with wreath, K $\wedge \mathrm{E}$ $\mathrm{Y}[\mathrm{X}]$ across the field, to left in field a pomegranate, (S.5436; BMC 43 [p.148]). Small flan, otherwise very fine, very scarce.
$\$ 400$
Ex Patrick Cooper Collection with his ticket, he acquired it in January 1982.

A better example was in our Sale 68 (lot 1919).


Lot 3474

3474*
Cilicia, Aegae, (47/6-27 B.C.), AE 19, (4.258 grams), obv. head of Alexander with taenia, border of dots, rev. Nike walking to left with palm branch, holding a wreath in her right hand, to right [A]IГEAI 2 N , to left monogram of O/M , (cf.S.5519, cf.SNG Levante 1681-5 (but different monograms), Lindgren 1399, CNA Sale X, 21st March 1990 (lot 301, This Coin), H.Bloesch "Hellenistic Coins of Aegeae" ANS Museum Notes 27 No.233). Black and brown patina, nearly extremely fine, very rare.
\$250
Ex Classical Numismatic Association (CNG), Auction Sale 21/3/1990 (lot 301, realised US \$187) and Noble Numismatics Sale 65 (lot 1824).
Bloesch only records the Lindgren piece, no examples of this type in any public collections.

## 3475

Cilicia, probably Tarsos, (4th century B.C.), silver obols (Sear suggests three-quarter obols), (c. 0.55 grams each), obv. Baal seated to left holding ear of corn and bunch of grapes, rev. forepart of wolf to right, crescent inverted or A, (S.5660, SNG Levante 223, 226, SNG France 443-6). Round and square flans, fine - very fine. (4)

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 66 (lot 3381).


3476*
Cappadocia, Caesarea, Gordian III, (A.D. 238-242), AE 24, ( 6.71 grams), year 7 = A.D. 244 , obv. laureate head to right of Gordian III, around AV K M ANT ГOP $\triangle I A N O C$, rev. Six ears of corn in vase, across ET Z, around MHTP KAI B N, (S.3778, SNG Cop. 311, Syd. 616a, BMC 346). Very finelgood very fine and rare.

Ex Professor Thomas Ollive Mabbott Collection, sold Hans M.F. Schulman Gallery Auction June 6-11, 1969 (lot 2413) bought by Spink \& Son, London with their ticket and listed in the Numismatic Circular No.3515, June 1984, and illustrated.


## 3477*

Syria, Kingdom of, Antiochus I, (280-261 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (15.720 grams), Series III Group A, Seleucia on Tigris mint, issued 267-265 B.C., obv. diademed head of Antiochus I to right, rev. Apollo seated left on omphalos, holding arrow and bow, on right BALIAE $\Sigma \Sigma$, to left ANTIOXOY, to left and right monograms, (cf.S.6866, SC 379.5a, Newell ESM 159, SNG Israel (Spaer) -, BMC 10, Hunter 18). High relief, polished and worn, nearly very fine and scarce.

Ex Patrick Cooper Collection (lot 1567 part) and previously bought from Baldwins, London, June 1978. Newell notes a total of 12 tetradrachms of this type mostly in public collections.


3478*
Syria, Kingdom of, Seleucus II, (246-226 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 16.396 grams), Series I, mint associated with Seleucia on the Tigris, issued 244-240 B.C., obv. diademed head of Seleucus II to right, dotted border, rev. Apollo standing to left, holding arrow and leaning on tripod, on right BA $\Sigma I \Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$, to left $\Sigma \mathrm{E} \Lambda \mathrm{EYKOY}$, to left and right monograms, (cf.S. 6896 [ $£ 400]$, SC 763.2b, Newell ESM 201, SNG Israel (Spaer) -, ACNAC Houghton 966, BMC 3). Rough surface with some conservation needed, clear monograms, otherwise nearly very fine and rare.

Ex Recent "Seleucid Hoard".
Newell notes a total of four tetradrachms of this type three in public collections.


## 3479*

Syria, Kingdom of, Seleucus II, (246-226 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.650 grams), Ecbatana mint, issued 240232 B.C., obv. diademed head of Seleucus II to right, rev. Apollo standing to left, holding arrow and leaning on tripod, on right BA $\Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$, to left $\Sigma \mathrm{E} \Lambda \mathrm{E} Y \mathrm{KOY}$, to left horse head and $\Sigma$ OE monogram, to right XIO monogram, (cf.S.6896, SC 811.2, Newell ESM 556, ACNAC Houghton 1153, SNG Israel (Spaer) -, BMC -). High relief, bright, some surface porosity on reverse, test mark on obverse, otherwise very finelfine and very rare.

## Ex Recent "Seleucid Hoard".

Newell notes a total of 2 tetradrachms of this type both in public collections, all from the same dies as this example. The mint of Ecbatana struck only a few tetradrachms of the standing Apollo and tripod type. The entire issue must be small as all varieties seem to be linked by the same obverse die. ESM knew of only three tetradrachms of all varieties of the Apollo standing type from this mint. This hoard has furnished several more examples, SC illustrates the CSE example and all examples known appear to be worn coins.


3480*
Syria, Kingdom of, Demetrius II first reign, (145-138 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 16.402 grams), Seleucia on Tigris mint, issued period 145-138 B.C., obv. diademed head of Demetrius II to right within filleted border, rev. Tyche seated to left with leg of throne a winged monster, holds sceptre and cornucopiae, to right [B]A $\Sigma \mathrm{I} \Lambda \mathrm{E} \Omega \Sigma \triangle$ HMHTPIOY, to left ФІ $\Lambda \mathrm{A} \triangle \mathrm{E} \Lambda Ф О Ү ~ N I K A T O P O \Sigma, ~ i n ~ e x e r g u e ~ m o n o g r a m ~$ AY, (S. 7051 [ $£ 400]$, SNG Israel I (Spaer) 1752, ACNAC Houghton 1010, SNG Lockett 3151, BMC 18, [p.50, Pl.XVIII, 2], Babelon Pl.XIX, 3). Very rare reverse type, slightly off centred, otherwise very fine.

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 61 (lot 2663), a similar example in Noble Numismatics Sale 60 realised $\$ 840$.


3481*
Syria, Kingdom of, Alexander II, (128-123 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, (16.268 grams), Damascus mint, issued 124123 B.C., dated year 189, obv. diademed head of Alexander II to right, fillet border, rev. Zeus seated to left on throne holding Nike and sceptre, on right $[B A] \Sigma I \Lambda E \Omega \Sigma$ to left $A \Lambda E \Xi A N \triangle P O Y$, to left monograms of $H \triangle P$, under throne
 2430, Newell LSM 83). Good very fine and rare.
$\$ 500$
Ex Spink \& Son, with their ticket.


3482*
Syria, Cyrrhestica, Cyrrhus, Antoninus Pius, (A.D. 138-161), AE 24, (8.782 grams), obv. laureate head of Antoninus Pius to right, around [AYTOK] PATWPKEC APTITEA I A $\triangle$ PIAN[TWNINOC], dotted border, rev. Zeus Kataiabates seated left on pile of rocks holding thgunderbolt and sceptre, eagle at feet A to right, around $\triangle$ IOCKATAIBATOY KYPPHCTWN, (S.1493, BMC 9var., Lindgren III, 1137 [This Coin]). Off centred, dark and earthy patina, very fine and very rare.
\$120

[^3]

3483*
Syria, Commagene, Zeugma, Philip I, (244-249), AE 29, ( 16.796 grams), obv. laureate draped and cuirassed bust to right, around AYTOK K M IOYAI ФІАІППОС СЕВ, rev. tetrastyle temple with peribolos containing grove, beneath a capricorn, ZЕГМАТЕ $\Omega$ N around, (S.3954, BMC 29 and cf.BMC 36). Countermarked on obverse with eagle with closed wings, some hoard patination otherwise very fine and rare.


## 3484*

Syria, Coele Syria, Damascus, Caracalla, (A.D. 198-217), silver tetradrachm, (13.648 grams), War issue, issued 215217, obv. laureate head of Caracalla to right, around legend AVT KAI AN TWNEINO C CEB, rev. eagle standing facing, head to left, wreath in beak, ram's head to left between legs, around $\triangle$ HMAPX E 1204 [notes 35 examples known], Bellinger 219 [ANS Mum. Studies No.3, p.68, Pl.XV, 17]). Nearly extremely fine and very scarce.
\$300

## 3485

Phoenicia, Aradus, (202-133 B.C.), silver drachm, (4.588 grams), issued year $104=156-155$ B.C., obv. bee with open wings dividing $[\Pi] \Delta I \Sigma$, all within dotted border, rev. stag standing to right, palm tree behind, before $[\mathrm{A}] \mathrm{PA} \Delta \mathrm{I} \Omega[\mathrm{N}]$, (cf.S.5989, BMC 152-154). Large full flan, attractive dark grey patination, otherwise very fine and rare.


3486*
Characene, Kingdom of, Attembelos III, (c.A.D. 53-72), copper tetradrachm, (14.198 grams), issued year $375=$ A.D. 63-4, obv. young diademed head to r., beardless, countermarked monogram on obverse of HXA, rev. naked Herakles seated left, resting club on knee, BAC/ [A]TTAMB $[\mathrm{H}]$ on right, date in exergue TOE $=375=63-64$ A.D., (cf.S.5924, BMC 7 [p.297]). Very fine/fine and rare.
\$120


3487*
Bactria, Kingdom of, Eucratides I, (170-145 B.C.), silver tetradrachm, ( 15.964 grams), obv. pith helmeted head of Eucratides to right with dotted border ornamented with bull's horn and ear, rev. the Dioskouroi on horseback prancing to right, each holding spear and palm, monogram of $\Phi \Delta I$, in exergue EYKPATI $\triangle O Y$, around above BA $\Sigma I \wedge E \Omega \Sigma$ МЕГАЛОY, (cf.S.7570. M. 1.177.ee, Bopearachchi Series 6E, SNG ANS 465). Nearly very fine in high relief, a rare variant.
\$450


## 3488*

South Arabia, Sabaeans, (3rd-2nd century B.C.), silver quarter unit, ( 0.920 grams), obv. head of Athena to right wearing crested helmet, eye in profile, rev. owl standing to right, head facing, trace of olive twig and crescent behind, to right $\Lambda \Theta E$, (S.6118, cf.BMC 16-21 [p.47, Pl.VII, 6-7], SNG ANS 1460). Short of flan as usual, dark tone, fine - very fine and rare.
\$120
Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 66 (lot 3428). T
his and the next two lots are part of a small hoard that recently appeared in the market. These and other coins in the group show that coins in this area were continuing in circulation for several centuries.


3489*
South Arabia, Sabaeans and Himyarites, under 'Amdan Bayyin [without Yanaf], (mid 1st - 2nd century A.D.), scyphate silver quinarius, ( 1.792 grams), Raidan mint, obv. Male head to right, monogram behind, rev. male head right with Himyarite legend around, monogram in field to right, (S.5718, BMC 1-3 [p.71, Pl.XI, 11], SNG ANS 1602-1609). Scyphate flan, nearly extremely fine, scarce.

## 3490

South Arabia, Sabaeans and Himyarites, under 'Amdan Bayyin [without Yanaf], (mid 1st - 2nd century A.D.), scyphate silver quinarius, ( 1.468 grams), Raidan mint, obv. Male head to right, surrounded by penannular torc, rev. male head right with Himyarite legend around, monogram in field to right, (S.5717, BMC 1-5 [p.70, Pl.XI, 6-9], SNG ANS 1575-1594); South Arabia, Katambania, under Yeda`ab Yanaf, (1st - 2nd century A.D.), convex silver quinarius, ( 1.338 grams), Harb mint, obv. Male head to right, rev. male head right with Himyarite legend around, monogram in field to right and left, (S.5724, BMC 1 [p.75, Pl.XI, 20], SNG ANS 1602-1609). Second slightly scyphate flan and small chip out of edge, otherwise nearly very fine and very rare, first with some dirt adhesion, otherwise extremely fine. (2)


3491*

## Persian Imperial Coinage, Kingdom of, Artaxerxes II and

 III, (375-340 B.C.), struck in Lydia at Sardeis, silver siglos, ( 4.768 grams), obv. king as bearded archer kneeling to right with dagger and bow, rev. oblong incuse punch, (S.4683, Bab. Pl.86, 18-19, BMC 175-177, Carradice type IV, Group C). Good fine, scarce.

## 3492*

Parthia, Kingdom of, Mithradates II, (123-88 B.C.), silver drachm, ( 3.990 grams), Rhagae mint, obv. medium bust to left with beard, wearing tiara with six pointed star in centre and torque ending in one dots, rev. archer seated right on throne, six line inscription, (S.7373, Sellwood 29.1, Shore 102). Very finelgood very fine and rare.


3493*
Parthia, Kingdom of, Orodes I, (90-77 B.C.) silver drachm, ( 4.166 grams), Rhagae mint, obv. small size bust wearing a tiara to left with short beard, with eight pointed star in centre, rev. archer seated right on throne, seven line inscription, (cf.S.7389, Sellwood 31.6, Shore 123). Extremely fine and scarce.


## 3494*

Parthia, Kingdom of, Gortazes I, (95-87 B.C.), silver drachm, (4.042 grams), Rhagae mint, obv. medium sized bust to left with beard, wearing tiara with horn in centre, torque ends in dot, rev. archer seated right on throne, five line inscription, (cf.S.7394, Sellwood 33.3, Shore 112). Good very fine and rare.


3495*
Parthia, Kingdom of, Orodes II, (c.57-38 B.C.) silver drachm, (4.000 grams), Mithradatkart mint, obv. large size bust without wart wearing a diadem to left with short beard, star before crescent behind, rev. archer seated right on throne, seven line inscription, monogram MT over $\Omega$ below bow, (cf. S.7443, Sellwood 47.9, Shore 241). Bright, nearly extremely finel good very fine and rare.
\$150


## 3496*

Parthia, Kingdom of, Orodes II, (c.57-38 B.C.) silver drachm, ( 3.974 grams), Rhagae mint, obv. small size bust wearing a diadem to left with short beard with wart, star before, crescent over star behind, rev. archer seated right on throne, seven line inscription, monogram $П$ P, anchor with line above behind, (cf.S.7445, Sellwood 48.10, Shore 262). Bright, attractive nearly extremely finelextremely fine.


## 3497*

Parthia, Kingdom of, Phraates IV, (c.38-2 B.C.) silver drachm, ( 3.668 grams), Rhagae mint, obv. medium size bust wearing a diadem to left with short beard, star before, eagle behind head, rev. archer seated right on throne, seven line inscription, monogram ПГ, (cf.S.7473, Sellwood 53.6, Shore -). Good very fine or better.


## 3498*

Parthia, Kingdom of, Vologases IV, (c.A.D. 147-191), silver drachm, ( 3.326 grams), Ecbatana mint, obv. medium size bust wearing a tiara with pellets attached, to left with square pointed long beard, rev. archer seated right on throne represented, $\Lambda$ below, no dot above bow, seven line inscription, monogram AT, (cf.S.5858, Sellwood 84.131, cf.Shore 434). Good very fine.


## 3499*

Parthia, Kingdom of, Vologases VI, (c.A.D. 208-228), silver drachms, ( 3.254 grams), Ecbatana mint, obv. medium size bust wearing a tiara with neckflap, I) behind tiara, to left with pointed long beard, rev. archer seated right on throne represented, AT below, four line inscription, (cf.S.5876, Sellwood 88.18, Shore 456). Toned, very finelgood very fine.
\$100

## 3500

Parthia, various silver drachms (4), Kingdom of, Mithradates II, (123-88 B.C.), silver drachm, Rhagae mint, obv. medium bust to left with beard, wearing tiara with eight pointed star in centre and torque ending in two dots, rev. archer seated right on throne, five line inscription, others of Orodes I, (90-77 B.C.), Rhagae mint, obv. similar, rev. similar, (2); another Gortazes I, (95-87 B.C.), Rhagae mint, obv. similar, rev. similar, (cf.S.7372, 7389, 7394, Sellwood 28.6, 31.6, 33.1, cf.Shore 98, 110, 124). First with surface roughness, otherwise fine - good very fine, mostly scarce. (4)


3501*
Elymais, Kingdom of, Kamnaskires VI, (c.A.D. late 1st early 2 nd century A.D.), billon tetradrachm, (15.308 grams), obv. large size bust to left with long beard, wearing diadem, crescent and star behind, rev. trace of crude male bust left with blundered edge legend, (S.5888, BMC 14 [p.250]). Very weak on the reverse as usual, otherwise very finelfine and rare.

## 3502

Parthia and Elymais, a group (6) small copper, five with tickets (Ken Jacobs tickets ?); together with various Indian (3), Ceylon of Singhalese independance 11-12th century (6), Armenia (3), Islamic coins (4) and others (4) with only a few in silver. Poor - nearly very fine. (26)
\$100

## 3503

Parthia and Persis, a group of drachms of various Parthian kings (6) mostly holed or mounted two are copies, Persis, drachms (2) good cast copies and a copper drachm issue of Soter Megas c.55-105 A.D., (cf.M.2944). Mostly fine. (9)

Sassanian King, Varhran IV, (A.D. 388-389), silver drachm, obv. bust to right with crown, name in outer margin, rev. fire altar, uncertain mint and year, Yazdgard III, (A.D. 632-651), silver drachm, obv. and rev. similar, $\mathrm{SK}=$ Sakastan mint year 9, (Sellwood cf.38-40,74, Gobl cf.136, 234). First coin fine, second coin nearly very fine, both scarce. (2)

Ex Noble Numismatics Sale 71 (lot 4692).


3505*
Sassanian King, Yazdgard II, (A.D. 438-457), silver drachm, ( 4.306 grams), obv. bust to right with crown, name in outer margin, rev. fire altar, Yazdkarti navaki, uncertain mint, (Sellwood 47, Gobl 160, Paruck Pl.XIII, 14, M.971). Extremely fine, rare.

See Elsen list 226, No. 142.


3506*
Sassanian King, Kavad I, (A.D. 488-496, 498-531), silver drachm, second reign issue 499-531, (4.05 grams), RD = Ray mint, year 33, obv. bust to right with crown, name in outer margin, rev. fire altar, (Sellwood 52, Gobl 189). Attractive brightness, lightly toned reverse, nearly extremely fine and very scarce.

Ex William B. Porter Collection with his ticket,

## 3507

Sassanian, silver drachms, Kavad I, (A.D. 488-496, 498-531), ( 3.968 grams), obv. bust to right, rev. fire altar, Darabgird mint, year 28, (Sellwood 51, Gobl 183, cf.M.1012); another Khusru I, (A.D. 531-579), (4.116 grams), obv. bust to right with crown, name in outer margin, rev. fire altar, Eran Kwarrah Shapur (Shush) mint, year 21, (Sellwood 54, Gobl 196, cf.M.1028-1072). Very fine or better both scarce. (2)


[^0]:    Ex Heritage Auctions, 2003 May Long Beach Coin Auction (lot 10079).

[^1]:    Acquired in India, apparently a modern production.

[^2]:    Boehringer note only two specimens from these dies

[^3]:    Ex Richard McAlee Collection and Lindgren Collection and published, together with CNG retail ticket.

